

THE ANTIOCH NEWS.

Pledged to The Republican Policy of Reciprocity and Protection to American Industries, as Formulated in The Republican National Platform.

VOL. XVI.

ANTIOCH, ILLINOIS, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 11, 1902.

NO. 2.

PEOPLE THAT YOU KNOW

WHAT THEY ARE DOING—WHERE THEY GO.

Interesting Items Gathered Here and There in Our Journeys About Town.

BLAIR, Ill., Sept. 8.—Butter strong at 260; 50 tubs offered and withdrawn. Output for the week, 615,000 lbs. Butter last week, 130; last year, 200.

Dr. Hall tomorrow evening. Miss Ethel Thayer visited at Milwaukee this week.

W. T. Hill was transacting business in Chicago Wednesday.

Boards taken, in a central location. Inquire at this office. 1w2

John Engman was transacting business in Chicago Wednesday.

Be sure and attend the lecture at the M. E. church Friday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. A. G. Watson were at the county seat on Friday last.

W. C. Moore, of Chicago, was visiting his mother and other Antioch friends over Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Coleman, of Chicago, are visiting Antioch relatives and friends this week.

Wanted—A girl for general housework in family of four in Antioch. Inquire at this office.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Charles Harrison, of Waukegan, Monday, Sept. 1, an eight pound baby boy.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. James, Sr., are visiting relatives in Milwaukee this week and incidentally taking in the state fair.

The Rebekah Social club have postponed their social until Saturday, Sept. 13, instead of the 12th. Meet at J. H. Dale's residence.

I am now prepared to bore tubular wells, 4 and 5 inch, on short notice. Prices reasonable. Address W. G. Hucker, Lake Villa, Ill. 32tf

Be sure to hear Dr. Hall at the M. E. church Friday evening on "America in the Twentieth Century." Admission 25 and 15 cents.

Any one having slough hay for sale can find a ready market for same by applying to Esch Bros. & Rabo at the Loon Lake Ice house, Loon Lake, Ill. 52w5

Frank Drom left last week for Genoa Junction where he will take charge of the Barker Lumber Co.'s plant for three weeks in the absence of the general manager.

The steamer Erma will make an excursion Sunday, Sept. 14, with a good band on board who promise to furnish fine music. Tickets 50 cents for the round trip. Come and enjoy a good time.

On Wednesday Mr. and Mrs. John J. Morley, Mr. and Mrs. Ellis Sabin and Fred Shottliff and Miss Susie Morley were in attendance at the Wisconsin state fair at Milwaukee.

A new state bank has been organized at Grayslake with a capital of \$25,000, to be known as the Merchants' and Farmers' bank, with P. A. Robinson, W. M. Emmons, E. R. Neville and P. B. Fischer as organizers.

Mrs. R. M. Haynes and children returned Saturday from a month's visit with her sister, Mrs. John Hancock, at Junction City, Wis. Mrs. Hancock and children and Miss Elva Didama accompanied her home.

Write to Alden, Bidinger & Co., Waukegan, Ill., for prices and terms on new and used pianos and organs. See our display at Libertyville fair of Irving, Walworth and M. Schulz Co. pianos. Nothing better for the money anywhere. 40tf

Mrs. Lillie Tenbruggen, wife of Herman Tenbruggen, who reside on Railroad ave., in this city, was on Tuesday taken before Judge Jones at Waukegan and was adjudged insane and committed to the insane asylum at Elgin.

Miss Addie Shaffer is in the city this week getting the styles and procuring a large and elegant assortment of fall and winter millinery. Next week Friday she will have a grand opening to which the ladies of Antioch and surrounding country are cordially invited.

For Sale—A farm containing 80 acres, situated on Crooked Lake, 2 miles east of Lake Villa, in high state of cultivation, with good buildings, well with windmill, and a young orchard. For particulars call at this office. 50tf

Dr. Hall belongs to the new type of platform men, combining the finished eloquence of a Burke, or Whittier, or Phillips, with the wit, humor, sarcasm, and sense of the funniest living artists. He is comparatively a new star in the lyceum world, but is destined to shine with the brightest of them. —Talent, New York City.

Miss Lela Herman is attending school in Chicago.

Herman Radtke was transacting business in Chicago Tuesday.

Mrs. Dr. Karr was a Chicago visitor Thursday and Friday of last week.

Mr. and Mrs. George Seymour were Chicago passengers Tuesday morning.

Our public school opened Monday with an increased attendance in all departments.

Mrs. Eva L. O. Harrison returned to Waukegan Monday after a visit with relatives and friends.

For Sale—I have for sale five Shropshire bucks in good condition. Address Frank Hardin, Antioch, Ill. 2w2

Robert Selzer arrived home Saturday from West Baden, Ind., where he had been enjoying a ten days' vacation.

Robert E. Trieger, of Norwood Park, visited with relatives and friends at Antioch and vicinity the forepart of the week.

At the Ramaker house dance last Thursday evening a very enjoyable time was had and about twenty-five couples were in attendance.

For Rent—A seven-room house, good well, good cellar and good cistern in village of Antioch. Inquire of R. J. Cubbin, Antioch. 30tf

"America in the Twentieth Century" by Dr. Hall is a thirteen-inch canon of patriotism and of prophecy. Historical, logical, thrilling. A great college lecture.

The Hillside Cemetery society will meet with Mrs. Meri Haynes, Wednesday afternoon, Sept. 17. An invitation is extended to all who have an interest in this work to be present. Mrs. Nellie Morley, Pres.

Insure your life in the company that will pay you the largest profits on your investment. The New York Life leads all other companies in new business, as well as total insurance in force. It will pay you to investigate. W. T. Hill, agent. 1f

The last dance of the season will be given at Selzer's summer resort Saturday evening, Sept. 13. The music for this occasion will be the best and will consist of an orchestra of five pieces. Everybody invited. Mr. Selzer wishes to return thanks to his many guests for their liberal patronage during the season.

If you are in the market for a house and lot in or around Antioch, or wish to purchase a farm, borrow money or make a loan, or in quest of desirable lake front property, call and see me as I have some attractive bargains. J. J. Burke, real estate and loans, Antioch, Ill. 32tf

For Rent—My farm of 150 acres, one-half mile west of Loon Lake; has a good house and barn, plenty of room to shelter farm tools, wagons, etc.; corn crib that will hold 2000 bushels; stable room for 25 or 30 cows; well fenced; well, cistern and windmill; 50 or 60 acres under plow, 40 acres tame hay, the rest pasture. Address Thos. Armstrong, Loon Lake, Ill. 2tf

The Hungry Editor.

The printer is the cause of much work and not a little amusement. This time it is a minister who is made to say queer things, so says a clipping. "Well, that's enough to try the patience of Job," exclaimed the village minister as he threw aside the local paper. "Why, what's the matter here? asks his wife. 'Last Sunday I preached from the text, 'Be ye therefore steadfast,' answered the good man, but the printer makes it read, 'Be ye there for breakfast.'"

Home Visitors' Low Rate Excursion.

Sentiment inspired by patriotism here—and it is to be hoped always will, afford a one-cent-a-mile rate to enable the "Boys in Blue" to assemble in reunion at least once a year, from all points of the compass. Such a rate is authorized from all points east of Chicago to Washington for this purpose in October 1902. Such a rate has been afforded once a year since the first reunion of the veterans of the war of '61. This especially low rate has become popular, not only for the purpose for which it was established, but for other purposes, chief among which we recognize the opportunity thus afforded to visit friends, at, or convenient to, the place of reunion, because of the low rate, and because of the favorable opportunity by reason of the liberal extension of time limit for return.

On dates authorizing sale of Grand Army Excursion Tickets to Washington for the reunion of 1902, are also authorized similar reductions in rates from all points west of Chicago, with time limits the same as on such tickets to Washington, excursion tickets to any point in the territory of the Central passenger Association, or on reach by the Nickel Plate Road. For full information call on your most convenient intermediate ticket agent by mail, wire, phone, or in person, or on John Y. Calahan, General Agent Nickel Plate road, No. 118 Adams street, Chicago, Ill.

ACCIDENT PROVES FATAL

BERN WEBB DIES AS A RESULT OF INJURIES

Funeral Held From the Christian Church Attended by Many Relatives and Friends.

On Saturday last at 8:20 p. m. occurred the death of Bernard E. Webb, as a result of the runaway accident in which he received fatal injuries on the previous Monday.

He was born on a farm in the eastern part of the town of Antioch, October, 1835, and worked as a farmer the greater part of his life. During the past few years he had been engaged as a carpenter, in which capacity he made many friends who honored him for his sterling qualities and quiet, unassuming disposition. He was respected by all, and was never known to have an enemy.

The funeral services were held at the Christian church on Monday afternoon, Rev. A. J. Hargett officiating. The church was filled to overflowing with relatives and sympathizing friends who had assembled to pay their respects to the departed.

Mr. Webb was next to the oldest of a family of seven children, and his death is the first that has occurred in the family. He leaves a father and mother, Mr. and Mrs. Ira R. Webb, and three brothers, George H. and Chase Webb, of Antioch; R. B. Webb, of Crystal Falls, Mich.; and three sisters, Mrs. E. Boylan, of Antioch; Mrs. Will Hodge, of Solon Mills, Ill.; and Mrs. A. H. Stevens, of Virginia, Minn., to mourn the loss of a devoted son and loving

his troubles and his anxieties. Then began disease, aches and pains, that resulted in death. Then man began to see the results of sin, death to the body and death to the soul. For four thousand years the world grew worse. It became extremely wicked. Then God sent his son, the second Adam, that man might be redeemed through Him. He lived a perfect life, thus becoming an example for succeeding ages. He died that man might be redeemed, and rose that man might live again. While on earth He taught that He was the way and the door to the new Paradise; that He was the bread of life, and that He was the good shepherd. He asked man to come to Him saying, "Come unto me, all ye that labor and are heavy laden, and I will give you rest." Man must return to his Creator in the same way that He departed from Him. We have learned that man heard, believed and obeyed Satan, thus departing from his Creator. He can now return to Him by one way, hearing, believing and obeying the commands of Christ.

"For times by man came death, by man came also the resurrection of the dead. For as in Adam all die, so also in Christ shall all be made alive."

Card of Thanks.

We wish to extend our sincere thanks to all who so kindly aided us in our recent and bereavement in the sickness and death of our son and brother, and especially to those who contributed beautiful floral designs and cut flowers.

MR. AND MRS. IRA R. WEBB AND FAMILY.

Ben Butler's Bitter Comment. Butler (Benjamin F.) once said of a decision that went against him that it was by an inferior judge of an inferior court of an inferior state.

JOSEPH C. JAMES, JR., the democratic nominee for County Judge, was born in the town of Antioch, Lake County, Illinois, August 8, 1863, and with the exception of seven years spent as telegraph operator has resided in the county ever since. Fifteen years ago he engaged in the furniture and undertaking business in this city and continued in that line of business until about a month ago when he sold out his furniture business and has devoted his time since then to the undertaking, insurance and real estate business in connection with quite an extensive legal business, serving as justice of the peace, to which office he was unanimously elected last spring and has readily adapted himself to the duties of the



office to the satisfaction of the public. He has had legal matriculation. Has served several years and is matters pertaining in prepared nearly passed by the court. J. C., as he is called, is a man of the streets, is competent, energetic, honest, is a man of and resides with his family, where he is ed by all. Mr. J. C. member of the church, the Masonic fraternity and the Modern Woodmen of America, having held the office of Consul of his home camp for seven years and attended the last head camp as a delegate from Lake County. While The News does not expect to see Mr. James elected to the office of County Judge in this strong republican county, yet should the mantle of Judge Jones fall upon his shoulders he would make a worthy successor and discharge the duties of the office honestly and conscientiously.

Freemasonry Saves Life.

As one of the fast trains on the North-western was running through Evanston at daylight Monday engineer William Campton, was seized with a feeling that the track ahead was not clear. Signal and switch lights were set for a clear track and the headlight showed no obstacle in front.

The feeling would not leave him; and although he could see no reason for the action he shut off steam and set the brakes. The train stopped at Central street, conductor Brown made inquiries of engineer Campton.

"There is something wrong, but I don't know what it is," said the engineer. "Let's investigate."

Under the front end of the pilot they found a young man lying between the rails. If the engine had gone ten feet farther he would have been crushed. He was unconscious but recovered in a short time. The man had been acting as watchman. He was taken ill during the evening. About 1 o'clock he left for home and fainted on the track. But for the premonition of engineer Campton he would have been cut to pieces. As it was the pilot struck his head, inflicting two scalp wounds.

Schwab to Aid Rural School.

The Rural Home and School for Boys has been promised \$10,000 by Charles M. Schwab, the steel magnate. John W. Gates is said to have exacted the promise before he sailed for Europe. A meeting of the trustees of the school will be held to determine whether a number of the boys will be lodged for the winter on farms adjoining the school property.

Inventor of the Automobile.

Capt. Plants, a Swiss, has, after a long litigation, succeeded in establishing his right to the credit of having first invented the automobile.

STRIKE CAN BE SETTLED

BY THE RIGHT OF EMINENT DOMAIN

The State Legislature Have the Right to Take and Operate the Coal Mines of Pennsylvania.

A speedy, certain settlement of the coal strike could be secured through the exercise of the power of eminent domain, according to Attorney Theodore G. Case and John T. Murray, of Chicago.

In an article prepared for the press, the lawyers say, in part:

"Can a corporation or an individual owning land which produces a commodity necessary for the welfare of the general public, refuse the public the use of such commodity?"

"This question is suggested by the coal strike, which has made it impossible for the public to purchase at any price, or rather at a prohibitive price, anthracite coal, a commodity which, in this country, is as necessary to the general public as water, natural gas, artificial light or transportation."

"No reasonable person would seriously contend that a corporation owing and controlling a water reservoir adjacent to and supplying a large city with its drinking water, would have a legal right to close the reservoir and deprive the public of the use of the water. Such a corporation could not be heard to say that it costs too much money to operate the reservoir or excuse itself from the manifest duty it owed to the public by asserting that it could not hire men to operate the reservoir at a figure sufficiently low to insure a profit satisfactory to the stockholders."

"The natural laws of right and might would compel the operation of the reservoir. But the peaceful and law-abiding citizen, before resorting to drastic measures, would seek in a lawful manner to enforce his natural right to the drinking water."

"Text books would inform us that the sovereign power, the power of the state, and not the power of a corporation, may, when the general welfare of the public requires it, take private property for any public purpose. This is an inherent right. It extends to every kind of property. And it rests exclusively with the state legislature to say whether the public benefit to be secured is sufficient to warrant the undertaking. It is never a judicial question. It might be that constitutional restrictions would require the state to compensate the owner for the actual value of the reservoir. But the power of the state legislature to take for a public purpose is indisputable."

"This being the law now, and the common law for ages past, a resort to the legislature would put the reservoir in operation. Why not invoke this power to provide the people of this country with anthracite coal? Today, in this country, anthracite coal is a utility product so necessary to the public welfare, comfort and convenience and the country's progress, that it is a public necessity. The legislature of Pennsylvania or any of the states in which this commodity is found would find abundant justification and legal authority for taking and operating the mines which owners are unable or unwilling to operate. It does not pay the individual to operate the mines, let the state do it, and provide the public the coal."

"How can the state take private property? By the right of eminent domain, defined by Bouvier to be 'the power of the people of government to take the estates of individuals, and use the same for public use.'"

"A striking illustration of this right of a state to take private property and the method adopted is furnished us by the drainage canal. This is only one instance but many more may be had by reference to the books. They are filled with cases where private property has been taken for public use when the public health, convenience or welfare demand it. It is nonsense to talk of amending the constitution of the United States to regulate these matters, and it is only urged by those who wish to enlarge the power of the federal government."

Dowie Makes Great Claims.

John Alexander Dowie signalled his return to the Auditorium by predicting the millennium and modestly claiming he was destined to govern the nations of the earth. "I am the J. Pierpont Morgan of religion," he said. The century has produced three men typical of the forces now at work; John Alexander Dowie, J. Pierpont Morgan, and Joseph Chamberlain.

J. P. and Joe are both to fall, according to Lige. The former is only after the almighty dollar, and the Englishman is a mere territorial organizer.

After a great revolution, Dowie says he would be the leader in a new theocracy. He claimed the bible clearly says the millennium is almost close enough to sniff.

THE REVENUE OF A PAPER.

Good Service in Advertising Should be Paid for by All Classes.

Many persons have vague and peculiar notions concerning a newspaper's source of revenue. Some innocent souls go so far as to imagine that newspapers are printed solely through philanthropic motives and that their columns belong to the public, who have an unquestioned right to fill them with communications setting forth their own peculiar views. Still others have an idea that advertisements are merely to fill up space. A brother publisher tells of a woman who is deeply interested in church work who remarked: "We are going to have a celebration at our church. Then the paper will have enough to fill up with and not have to print so many of those horrid advertisements." That is just like the majority of them.

For the information of those not familiar with newspaper work it may be interesting for them to know that newspapers are printed for the same reason that shoes and furniture and hats are made—to sell to provide an income for those who invest their money. The columns of the newspaper are its wares, and the use of them is sold to persons in other lines of business who desire to advertise their special wares. The revenue received from advertisements—display and local readers—is what sustains a newspaper, just as the profits that the grocer makes on his goods enables him to live and continue business.

Probably no men in business are more liberal than the publishers of newspapers. Column after column of gratuitous advertising is done for church and charitable entertainment, secret society socials, amusements, etc., so that many persons have conceived the idea that the newspaper should deem it a privilege to tell the public of their nice little schemes to make money for their organizations.

The publishers of a country paper is a philanthropist, but is opposed to being "worked" too hard in that line. A worthy cause will always be given a reasonable amount of "free advertising," but affairs promoted to make money should expect to pay for any publicity accorded by the local press.—Barrington Review.

Democrats Name Men For All County Offices.

The democrats of Lake County Thursday morning at Libertyville selected a full county ticket and also instructed the same delegates who went to the last Senatorial Convention to again vote for McDermott at the coming senatorial convention.

The convention met in the town hall at 10 o'clock with chairman D. A. Grady presiding. It took but a short time to place the following ticket in the field.

For Judge—J. C. James, Antioch.
For Clerk—Albert Sauer, Vernon.
For Treasurer—Henry Seip, Lake Zurich.
For Sheriff—John Shean, Highland Park.
For Superintendent of schools—Geo. T. Rogers, Waukegan.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

Public notice is hereby given that the Commissioners of Highways of the town of Antioch, in the County of Lake and State of Illinois, and a Committee of Supervisors, will, on Monday, Sept. 15, A. D. 1902, at the hour of one o'clock in the afternoon of said day, at the town hall in the Village of Antioch, receive sealed bids for the hauling of gravel by the cubic yard from the gravel pit of Charles and Harry Smith, to the east and west ends of Channel Street, according to plans and specifications on file with C. M. Confer, Town Clerk, his office in the Village of Antioch. Bids must be sealed and accompanied by a certified check for \$25 as a guarantee, made payable in default of performance of contract, to the Commissioners of Highways of the town of Antioch.

Address all bids to C. M. Confer, Antioch, Ill., marked, Proposal. The committee reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

George B. Stephens, Thos. E. Graham, John Golding—Supervisors' Com.
R. Kaye, Elmer J. Pollock, Adison J. Felter—Commissioners of Highways, Town of Antioch, Ill.
C. M. Confer, Town Clerk, Antioch, Ill., Sept. 3, 1902.

LOCAL MARKET REPORT.

Oats.....	50c
Corn—70 lbs. etc.....	\$5 00 to \$10 00
Hay.....	
MILL FEED.	
Barley.....	\$18 00
Middlings.....	22 00
Gluten.....	20 00
Oil Meal, per 100 lbs.....	1 75
Chicken Feed Wheat.....	1 25
HOGS.	
Hogs—Live weight.....	\$ 7 25
Hogs—Dressed.....	8 50
POULTRY.	
Turkeys.....	90
Ducks.....	80
Geese.....	80
Chickens—Live weight.....	90

The Best Job Printing can be had at THE NEWS office, Antioch, Ill.

The Antioch News.

A. B. JOHNSON, Publisher.

ANTIOCH, ILLINOIS.

SUMMARY OF NEWS.

Arrangements have been completed by the Postoffice Department at Washington for the establishment of an exchange of international through registered pouches between San Antonio, Texas, and Ciudad Porfirio Diaz, Mexico, to begin Oct. 1.

Believing he was threatened with insanity, Nelson Hanson, a farmer 30 years old, residing two miles south of Mount Union, Iowa, repaired to a corn field with a shotgun, placed the muzzle to his forehead, pulled the trigger with his toe, and blew his head off.

The safe of the Hubbard, Ohio, post-office was drilled open by burglars. They secured \$400 worth of stamps, \$200 from the money-order department, a certificate of deposit on the Newton Falls Bank for \$300 and \$150 belonging to the postmaster, W. M. Evans.

The Overbrook mills at Philadelphia, Pa., operated by Rosenheim Brothers & Co., manufacturers of tapestries, and owned by the Havertford Building and Loan Association, were destroyed by fire of unknown origin. The loss was estimated at \$50,000, insured.

John K. Murrell, former Speaker of St. Louis house of delegates, has returned from Mexico and confessed his part in wholesale bribery, admitted having custody of \$75,000 intended for the gang and accused eighteen associates in city legislative body, who have been indicted by the grand jury.

The White Star line has ordered another steamer of Harland & Wolff of Belfast, which is to be twenty feet longer and a few feet wider than the same company's steamer Cedric, now the largest liner in the world. The Cedric is 700 feet long, has a capacity of 18,400 tons and accommodation for 3,000 passengers.

The National Candy Company, with an authorized capital stock of \$9,000,000, has been incorporated in New Jersey and has filed its articles of incorporation with the clerk of Hudson County, N. Y. The incorporators are Henry Seagram, James St. Louis, Frank W. Reid, George H. Goodwin, Edward S. Rogers, Samuel E. Hall, Chicago, and Frank P. McDermott, Jersey City.

Following is the standing of the clubs of the National Baseball League:

W. L.	W. L.
Pittsburg . . . 89	33 Chicago . . . 58
Brooklyn . . . 57	57 St. Louis . . . 54
Boston . . . 60	57 Philadelphia . . . 49
Cincinnati . . . 60	60 New York . . . 42

The clubs of the American League stand as follows:

W. L.	W. L.
Philadelphia 63	49 Cleveland . . . 61
Boston . . . 60	51 Washington . . . 52
St. Louis . . . 66	51 Detroit . . . 46
Chicago . . . 64	52 Baltimore . . . 40

NEWS NUGGETS

A bright meteor illuminated Colorado and exploded near Buena Vista.

Returns from the Maine election indicate a Republican majority of 22,000. Prohibition question stimulated the voting.

Fire swept away the business portion of Savage, Neb., destroying twelve buildings and causing approximately loss of over \$20,000.

Friends of W. J. Bryan say he will be a candidate for a third nomination if there is any chance that he can succeed in the convention of 1904.

Treasury vaults contain nearly \$574,000,000 in gold, the largest sum in the history of the United States and with one exception the largest in the history of the world.

It is reported that John Keffer, the condemned murderer who was to have been executed the other day, but who obtained a stay of execution, was taken from the jail at Lansing, Wyo., and lynched.

Wilson P. Thrall, an optician, 74 years old, died at Danbury, Conn., from stroke. He declared two months ago that he would eat no more and refused food after that except when forced to eat.

Jim Wright and John Templeton, notorious Hancock County, Tenn., desperadoes, were killed, and Wright's son was captured by a posse of twenty-five men headed by Joe Moss of Galt, Va.

Mrs. Addie N. Johnson, an advocate of women's suffrage, who formerly resided at Chicago, committed suicide at her home in Cabanne, Mo. Despondency due to continued ill health prompted the deed.

Death and probably fatal injuries were allotted to two Italian striking miners at Wilkesbarre, Pa. They were attacked by pickets, who ignored their claims to affiliation and beat them down with rocks and clubs.

During the maneuvers near Tivoli, Italy, a military balloon burst and sixteen soldiers were badly injured in consequence. Two of the men were fatally hurt. The explosion of the balloon is attributed to intense heat.

John Sanders was arrested at Cornish, Utah, and lodged in jail charged with the murder of John Paddock at Downey, on Aug. 23. Paddock's body was thrown on a pile of burning ties and it was a mass of roasted flesh when found.

The Rev. Morris Wilson, aged 80, who for fifty years has been a prominent Baptist minister in West Virginia, killed his wife by cutting her throat with a razor. It is believed he became crazed from constant reading of the Bible.

Surprised while looting the residence of "Patsy" King, a wealthy sporting man in Chicago, a negro thief leaped over the stair balustrade from the second to the ground floor and made his escape with more than \$4,000 worth of jewels.

A bloody battle was fought about ten miles east of Durant, I. T., between Rev. W. F. Whaley and his two sons, Alf and Ernest, on one side, and J. L. and J. A. Richardson and their brother-in-law, Mr. Waltherberger, on the other. The older Whaley was killed and Alf, his son, had both arms shot to pieces.

While on the way to New York from Kansas City, Mo., in the custody of a detective, Henry Newman jumped through the window of an express train going at the rate of fifty miles an hour, on the New York Central Railroad, and was so badly hurt that he will die.

EASTERN.

The plant of the Campbell Wall Paper Company at Bogota, N. J., was destroyed by fire. Loss \$175,000.

Edward Eggleston, author of "The Hoosier Schoolmaster," died at Jones Lock, Lake George, N. Y.

Five freight wrecks occurred Sunday between Johnstown and Harrisburg on the Pennsylvania Railroad system.

A. J. Cummings & Co., one of the largest brokerage houses in the East, with headquarters at Pittsburg, has suspended.

The plant of the Hartford Foundry Company at Hartford, Conn., was damaged by fire to the estimated extent of \$75,000.

Gor. Odell narrowly escaped death at Dunkirk, N. Y., being pulled from the track as a switching engine was bearing down upon him.

Maj. Charles A. Smylie was taken, at a distance, for a deer in the Adirondacks and shot to death by Judge C. P. Storrs of Orange, N. J.

A. J. Cummings & Co., one of the largest brokerage houses in Pittsburg, Pa., with branches in eighteen or twenty towns, suspended.

Ruth Cleveland was saved from injury by Assistant Postmaster Fred C. Small of Buzzard's Bay, who caught her pony as it was running away.

Edgar V. Einstein & Co., proprietors of a large department store at Harrisburg, Pa., have made an assignment, giving liabilities as \$117,000 and assets \$90,000.

Eight thousand carpenters of New York City won their strike for an advance of 50 cents a day when the Master Carpenters' Association, after a conference of seven hours, granted the demand.

The bottom of a huge receiving tank in the course of construction for the Brooklyn Union Gas Company, in Williamsburg, N. Y., collapsed and five men were instantly killed. They were Italians.

The Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosser of the North German Lloyd line arrived at New York, making the trip in five days fifteen hours and twenty minutes, which is fifty-four minutes better than the previous record.

The United States cruiser Brooklyn, the flagship of Rear Admiral Coghlan, struck a hidden rock in Buzzard's Bay and sustained serious damage. The officers state that the rock upon which the vessel struck is uncharted.

Dr. D. S. Waters of Chicago died at St. Joseph's hospital, Syracuse, N. Y., from the effects of a dose of morphine. It is believed the poison was taken with suicidal intent, as the dead man left a letter in which he said he was tired of life.

One of the powder magazines at old Fort Winthrop, on Governor's Island, upon Boston harbor, blew up with a detonation that was heard at points twenty miles away. One dead man and five injured were taken to Boston by the police boat.

President Roosevelt had a narrow escape from death and was slightly injured in collision between his carriage and a trolley car near Pittsfield, Mass. Secret Service Agent Craig was killed, driver fatally hurt and Secretary Cortelyou stunned.

Anarchist literature, including several autograph letters from Emma Goldman and Johann Most, together with a mysterious iron chest, have been found in New York City beside the dead body of a woman about 40 years old and known as Mrs. Freda Schroeder. It was persistently rumored that the woman was a leading anarchist.

Grand Duke Boris, recipient of attention in Chicago and Newport, paid an official visit to President Roosevelt at Oyster Bay. The Russian nobleman did not meet the "first lady of the land," as Mrs. Roosevelt took luncheon at the home of the President's uncle, James A. Roosevelt, and did not return to Sagamore Hill until after the grand duke had departed.

WESTERN.

Judge Hazen at Topeka, Kan., denied the restraining order asked for by the State against the American Book Company.

"Hog" Wilson, a negro, was hanged near Stephens, Ark., by a party of men for attacking a young woman. He confessed.

Nearly complete returns indicate the election of Democratic State ticket in Arkansas by a majority ranging from 35,000 to 45,000.

Fire destroyed the property of the Crystal Springs Company, a Hot Springs resort near Butte, Mont. The loss is \$25,000; insurance \$13,000.

Two electric cars on the Fort Snelling line collided at St. Paul, Minn., and ten victims of the wreck have been taken to the city hospital. None is fatally hurt.

Mrs. John Doley and Mrs. John Carney, sisters, met in Springfield, Ohio, after a separation of fifty-one years of fruitless searching on the part of Mrs. Doley.

The corn crop near Mexico, Mo., is almost beyond belief. Judge W. D. Sumner reports that a forty-acre field north-east of there will easily yield 100 bushels to the acre.

An explosion of dynamite damaged the house of Prof. H. S. Lehr, former president of the Ohio Normal University at Ada. Douglas Hugh is under arrest, charged with setting off the explosion.

The semi-arid belt of Kansas, where rain has always before been a blessing, has had so much rain in the last few weeks that the people are meeting in the churches and praying that the deluge cease.

Mrs. Mary Rogers of Greennap, Ill., who is in jail at Washington charged with kidnapping 3-year-old Bessie Lucile Houston of Centerville, Ark., attempted suicide because the authorities took the little girl from her.

Frank Smith, a mechanic, and John Ennis, a military convict from Fort Sheridan, Ill., fell from a scaffolding at Leavenworth, Kan., and were killed while working on the smokestack at the new federal penitentiary.

Overland passenger train No. 3 on the Northern Pacific was wrecked at Trout Creek station on the Idaho-Montana line. Engineer C. S. Owen was killed instantly and his fireman and a tramp stealing a ride were badly injured.

George Ring and Tillie Hotzafel entered into a compact to kill themselves and turned on the gas in their room in a Chicago hotel. They were discovered and

revived after much effort, and now the man is held for attempted murder.

Announcement is made by Irwin Shepard, secretary of the National Educational Association, that the department of superintendents, numbering 1,000 of the leading educators of the United States, will meet in Cincinnati, Ohio, Feb. 24 to 27.

Indictments for fraud and conspiracy in connection with the Masonic Temple tax case in Chicago were voted against Williams, Wheeler, Hoy and Healy. Sensational evidence affecting forged note transactions by Wheeler was given by Attorney Wagner.

"Larry" Maulon, a St. Louis politician, while resisting arrest, was shot and killed by Policeman Thomas O'Hearn. Maulon and several other men were creating a disturbance in a saloon and the officer was called in to quell it. Maulon attacked O'Hearn and the shooting followed.

Wm. J. Bartholm's body was found in a flax field near Lowther, Iowa, with a bullet hole through his head. He had committed suicide. Letter is found on the remains confessing that he killed his mother and Minnie Mitchell. The body was fully identified by Chicago acquaintances.

C. A. Brown and wife of Frankfort, Ohio, were found dead in the cemetery at Jamestown, the man shot through the temple, the woman in the mouth. A single revolver lay between them, and whether it was a double suicide or not is unknown, though the indications point to suicide.

Floyd Johnson and Walter Hodge, both young men, quarreled over a game of dice in Columbus, Ohio, and Johnson was cut in the throat by Hodge, receiving wounds which caused his death. Hodge was arrested and held on charge of murder. His home is in Toledo. Johnson was a follower of race horses.

The United States ship Hawk, which has been used by the Ohio naval reserves, will be sent back to the Navy Department as a result of a squabble between the Toledo and Cleveland brigades of the reserves. The commanders were unable to agree as to a division of time during which each should control the vessel.

The Walnut Grove stage from Sacramento, Cal., by a highwayman near Courland. Joseph Fisher, a passenger, and Edward Bryan, the driver, were robbed. Henry F. Isham, another passenger, resisted and wrested the pistol from the man's hand. The robber broke from Isham's grasp and escaped.

Thomas H. Williams, Jr., president of the California Jockey Club, shot and seriously wounded Frederick Mariott, publisher of the San Francisco News Letter, at Mariott's residence. Mariott was shot three times. The shooting is supposed to have grown out of articles printed by Mariott reflecting on a lady.

Simon Johnson, a negro, who gave his home as Chicago, was shot down just outside the residence of Attorney Chas. N. Sheldon of Cleveland by a rifle in the hands of Mr. Sheldon. The capture of Johnson, it is believed, clears up the mystery in a series of burglaries which have been terrorizing the residents of East Cleveland.

Unanimous action of Ohio Democrats in carrying out plans of Tom Johnson makes Cleveland Mayor formidable candidate for the presidency. Democrats of Wisconsin nominated David S. Rose, Mayor of Milwaukee, for Governor. Iowa Democrats in convention at Des Moines rejected resolution to renounce specifically the Kansas City platform.

In a raid on a "bunkum" moored in the Chicago river, seven men were arrested and enough booty secured to completely rig out any ship's hold. The fact that various yachts stationed at intervals along the river have for some time been subjected to the depredations of river pirates led to suspicion against the occupants of the "bunkum."

About twenty persons were injured, some, it is thought, fatally, in a street car accident at Milwaukee and Evergreen avenues, Chicago. Many others received slight bruises. A machine cover which protruded above the level of the street and caught in the mechanism of a grip car partly demolished the grip, threw the passengers in every direction and piled the cars up in a wreck.

The Historic Music hall in Cincinnati narrowly escaped destruction by fire. The place of origin was under the stage of the Odeon, a structure adjoining Music Hall in the rear. In an hour the Odeon was completely destroyed, and the south wing of Music Hall, which is next to the Odeon, was damaged. The main building of Music Hall with the great organ escaped injury. The loss will probably reach \$100,000.

A dozen men, most of them members of the Taylor Methodist Church, swooped down on a "Joint" in Kansas City, Kan., the other night and tried to serve a warrant issued by a justice of the peace for the arrest of the proprietor, Andrew Mathiey. In a tussle that ensued Paul W. Radmacker, a cooper, was shot through the hand and shoulder and stabbed and Deputy Constable Gav was struck on the head and severely injured.

In Bloomington, Ill., fire destroyed the four-story drug store of Ripley & Strickland and the dry goods store of A. Livingston & Sons, adjoining, where the fire originated. The loss of the latter is \$100,000 and of Ripley & Strickland \$25,000. The hardware store of Holder, Miller & Co. was damaged. The stores of Frank Parritt, the Wakefield Shoe Company and Deventer's hat store were damaged by water. The total loss is estimated at \$200,000.

The Bank of Fremont, Ind., was robbed by a gang of six burglars and the vault and front of the building were wrecked by dynamite. The noise of the explosion awakened persons living near the bank, and when they started to investigate they were met by armed men and at the point of revolvers were ordered to stay in their houses. A large amount of currency was in the safe, but the robbers overlooked part of it, and secured only a small amount. When the robbers finished their work they entered carriages, driving north from the village towards the Michigan State line, followed by a large number of the inhabitants, but they escaped.

The Oregon, a large ocean-going steamer, is now being fitted up at Seattle, Wash., for the purpose of taking a party of American manufacturers with exhibits on a six months' cruise, beginning Nov. 15, to Russia, China, Japan, the Philippines, the Straits Settlements, India, Mauritius, South Africa, Australia and the Hawaiian Islands. This, it is said, will be the forerunner of greater expansion to America's commerce, being a unique and practical opportunity for buyers and sellers to become personally acquainted and discuss the exhibits and methods of packing and preparing goods for the various markets, establishing agencies, effecting sales and ascertaining the financial responsibility of interested persons.

SOUTHERN.

Taylor Charleston, colored, was hanged at Birmingham, Ala., for the murder of another negro.

The Bank of Sonora, Ky., was broken into and robbed. The robbers got considerable booty. They were followed by a posse of citizens.

Rev. J. G. Murray of the faculty of Gammon Theological Seminary, Atlanta, Ga., who was accused of immorality, was vindicated by the trial board at Richmond, Ind.

President Roosevelt visited famous battle fields near Chattanooga, rode over Chickamauga with cavalrymen and attended religious services at their camp on Sunday.

A railroad tug ran into the United States cruiser Topeka off Old Point Comfort, Va., and smashed in the warship's port bow, necessitating her departure for the navy yard for repairs.

Lieut. John W. Starke of the Seventeenth Virginia regiment has been sentenced by a court martial to dishonorable discharge and to two months in jail for calling a brother officer a "bolshoi."

The postoffice at Tazewell, Tenn., was robbed. The safe was blown open and \$400 in stamps, \$30 of the money order fund, \$50 of Postmaster Davis' money and two registered letters were taken.

After throwing the two brothers of the bride-out of the church window, Richard League returned to the altar and married Lilly Pelly. The incident took place at Bethany Church, in Mercer County, Ky.

The west-bound passenger train on the Gulf, Colorado and Santa Fe Railroad was wrecked by a defective rail near Brownwood, Texas. The entire train was thrown down a twenty-foot embankment. Thirty persons were injured.

The coal miners' strike in the Kanawha and New River fields, W. Va., involving 15,000 miners, which has been in existence since June 7, is practically at an end. Each local union is instructed to go back to work on the best terms possible without regard to the action of any other local.

FOREIGN.

An explosion occurred at the Tredegar Iron Company's colliery, near Rhymer, Monmouthshire, England, while 112 men were underground. Thirteen are known to be dead, and seventeen are seriously injured.

Prof. Rudolf Virchow, leader among the world's scientists and one of the greatest pathologists who ever lived, passed away in Berlin, after a long and useful career. He had reached the age of 81 years.

News has been received from Ellis, trans-Caucasian, Russia, of a landslide which occurred in the vicinity of Mount Kasbek and which resulted in the destruction of twenty villages and the loss of nearly 700 lives.

A great gale has been prevailing in Ireland and on the west coast of England. In Wales the crops have been seriously damaged. Lisburn, in Ireland, was under water, and the household effects of the people floating around the streets.

The ginsuot Crete-Pierrot, which was in the service of the Firminist party, has been sunk at the entrance of the harbor of Gommes, Hayti, by the German gunboat Panther. The crew of the Crete-Pierrot left her before she went down.

A boxer proclamation has been posted at Canton, China, inciting the slaughter of foreigners. It is ascribed to the commencement of work on the Canton-Hankow Railroad and to the collection of funds for the payment of the foreign indemnity.

King Victor Emmanuel of Italy has ordered that the Italian armored cruiser Carlo Alberto, on board of which wireless experiments have been proceeding for some time, be placed at the further disposal of William Marconi for experiments between Europe and America.

A dispatch from Tangier, Morocco, says the Berbers again have attacked Mekines, a town thirty-five miles from Fez, with the result that Mohammed, brother of Sultan Muley Abdul-Aziz of Morocco, and pretender to his throne, has been released. Mohammed was imprisoned in Mekines.

Manila mails give evidence of friction that may prove serious in the workings of the educational bureau in Manila. It is hard to find anything in the nature of tangible charges, but there are general expressions of discontent among the teachers with the system under which they are operating.

The Hungarian ministry of agriculture estimates the world's field of grain this year as follows: Wheat, 2,005,320,000 bushels; rye, 1,570,040,000 bushels; barley, 1,141,080,000 bushels; oats, 3,004,720,000 bushels; corn, 3,074,480,000 bushels. The European wheat crop is estimated to give an increase of 100,000,000 bushels over the crop of 1901. A decrease of 136,820,000 bushels is expected in the European corn crop. The wheat crop of the United States is estimated at 640,000,000 bushels, with a surplus of 210,000,000 bushels. The Canadian wheat crop is estimated at 33,720,000 bushels, with a surplus of 20,820,000 bushels.

IN GENERAL.

Attorney General Knox, after considering the long-delayed report of Commissioner of Labor Carroll D. Wright, concludes that President Roosevelt is powerless to interfere in the anthracite miners' strike.

The difficulty in the way of the conclusion of the Anglo-Chinese commercial treaty has been satisfactorily settled. A new edict will be issued and the treaty will be signed after certain technical alterations have been made.

The resignation of First Lieut. Henry Waterson, Jr., of the Twenty-ninth United States Infantry has been accepted by the War Department. He is the son of Henry Waterson, editor of the Louisville Courier-Journal. It is said that Lieut. Waterson was found to have duplicated his pay accounts.

Maj. Edward F. Glenn of the Fifth Infantry, who was tried by court martial at Manila for administering the water cure to natives, found guilty and sentenced to be suspended for one month and to forfeit \$50 of his pay, has been restored to duty and ordered to return to his command at Bayambang, Luzon.

ROOSEVELT IS HURT

Carriage Containing His Party Hit by Trolley Car.

TWO MEN ARE KILLED

President's Injuries Are Slight, but He Had a Narrow Escape.

Coach Containing the Chief Executive's Party Struck by an Electric Car Near Lenox, Mass., with Fatal Results—Secret Service Man and the Driver of President's Carriage Died—Governor Crane and Secretary Cortelyou Badly Bruised.

A terrible accident overtook the President's coach a short distance from Pittsfield, Mass., about 10 o'clock Wednesday morning. After a short visit to the home of ex-Senator Dawes the President started on the long drive to Lenox. He had not gone far when an electric car ran into them, throwing everyone to the ground and wrecking the coach.

The President received cuts on the head, Gov. Crane was bruised, William Craig, the secret service man, was instantly killed. The President was able to resume his journey to Lenox, but sent word ahead that there should be no cheering.

After leaving Senator Dawes' house, the four carriages containing the President and his immediate party were driven



PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT.

down South street, two carriages on either side. When near the Country Club and at the railroad crossing, an electric car was noticed coming at a terrific rate of speed.

Mr. Craig signaled to the motorman to stop, but he apparently paid no attention to the warning and the car came plunging on in its work of death. The President's carriage was literally smashed to pieces. The President, Gov. Crane and Secretary Cortelyou were piled up in a heap.

Craig Instantly Killed.

The awe-stricken crowd which witnessed the accident rushed to the President's carriage, but with no expectation that he would be found alive. The President was cut on the right side of his chin and his face.

Secret Service Agent William Craig was killed outright, and D. J. Pratt, the driver of the coach, sustained a fracture in the skull which later caused death.

The coach, which was a regulation trolley-bus, was struck by an electric car on the Pittsfield and Lenox street railway at about 9:30 o'clock. The accident happened at a point about a mile and a half from Lenox near the Pittsfield Country Club house while the President and his party were enjoying a coaching trip from Dalton, Gov. Crane's home, where the President spent the night, to Lenox, a distance of about twenty miles over the Berkshire hills. The car was in charge of Motorman Luke J. Madden on the front platform.

The car struck the coach in the rear and smashed in the back of the vehicle, tipping it over and throwing its occupants to the ground. The car was not badly damaged. Motorman Madden and Conductor Kelly were at once arrested and taken to Pittsfield. Pratt, the driver, also was taken there.

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The President, who is falling from the coach sustained only slight bruises and a few scratches, and Secretary George B. Cortelyou, who suffered in a manner similar to that of the President with the exception that he was cut on the head, went to the Country Club near by, where their wounds were dressed.

In a short time they proceeded to the Otis Hotel at Lenox, arriving there at 11 o'clock. The President retained his composure, although he showed solicitude for the rest of the party.

The excitement was intense, and rumors flew thick and fast that the President had been killed. After remaining at the scene of the accident for an hour, the President determined to continue his journey to Stockbridge. After a brief stop at Lenox he was driven to the train.

Western Horse Wines Futurity. Savable, a Western colt, sired by Salvator, won the Futurity at Sheepshead Bay. John A. Drake, the Chicago millionaire, who captured the Derby at Chicago this summer, owned the colt, which was trained by Enoch Wislard, a Western man, and ridden by Lucien Lyne, also a Western product.

A dispatch from Oran, Algeria, says that a party of Moors recently attacked a French military supply column near Ad Delkell and that numbers were killed or wounded on both sides.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL

New York.

"Gradual resumption of anthracite coal mining is encouraging, although the output is not yet sufficient to have any commercial value. Business conditions are unsatisfactory at the strike center, but reports from all other sections indicate unusually prompt revival after the summer vacation season, with exceptionally large operations among dealers in the agricultural regions. Notwithstanding some bad weather, large crops are now practically assured, although the most sanguine results may not be attained. Manufacturing plants are now fully occupied as a rule, the least gratifying reports coming from furnaces that cannot secure coke, owing to railway blockades. The transportation problem is becoming serious, as the factor of crop moving is about to be added, and moreover, much coal must be moved by rail that usually goes to consumers by lake and canal." The foregoing is from the Weekly Trade Review of R. G. Dun & Co. It continues:

Iron furnaces are suspending production because coke cannot be secured, and it is evident that the rate of output at the opening of the new month will show a serious loss. This scarcity of fuel was expected at the few plants using anthracite coal, but has come as a shock to the coke furnaces, for the Connellsville ovens have steadily maintained a weekly production of 250,000 tons. Inadequate railway facilities are responsible and the situation is critical.

As the stocks of pig iron were very low at the opening of August, consumers are in an embarrassing position, and there is a growing disposition to refuse contracts. Imports are increasing, and numerous plans are reported whereby the finished product may be exported in order to secure the tariff drawback. These operations promise no relief to domestic consumers, and the railways are especially anxious for supplies.

The dry goods jobbing trade reports a liberal distribution and supplies are only moderate in the primary market. Clunged conditions in the raw material have accelerated inquiries for cotton goods, buyers seeking figures on forward contracts and placing a fair amount of orders. There is also a better demand to meet immediate requirements, and exporters to China are again in the market for brown cottons. Slightly less activity is seen in men's wear woolen and worsted fabrics, but fancy worsteds are in better request.

At last footwear makers have been able to secure a moderate advance in prices in response to the recent sharp rise in materials. Jobbers are no longer disposed to wait, but place orders freely. Retailers are also pressing jobbers for immediate deliveries of goods for current trade. Leather is strong and active, while hides made higher record prices, but the market has quieted down.

Deterioration from the exceptionally brilliant early outlook for cotton gave speculators an opportunity to advance operations nearly \$5 a bale, and dealings were heavy. Spot cotton was less sharply advanced, although a firm tone developed.

Failures for the week numbered 173 in the United States, against 202 last year, and 14 in Canada, against 21 a year ago.

Bradstreet's says:

Wheat (including flour) exports week ending Aug. 28 aggregate 5,430,630 bushels, against 5,954,750 last week and 6,007,111 in the week last year. Wheat exports since July 1 aggregate 38,831,207 bushels, against 37,250,508 last season.

Corn exports aggregate 115,150 bushels, against 61,640 last week and 441,918 last year. For the fiscal year corn exports are 818,643 bushels, against 10,102,000 last season.

THE MARKETS

Chicago—Cattle, common to prime, \$4.00 to \$7.75; hogs, shipping grades, \$4.25 to \$7.90; sheep, fair to choice, \$3.50 to \$3.80; wheat, No. 2 red, 71c to 72c; corn, No. 2, 60c to 61c; oats, No. 2, 25c to 27c; barley, No. 2, 40c to 45c; rye, No. 2, 40c to 45c; clover, 17c to 18c; butter, choice creamery, 17c to 18c; eggs, fresh, 10c to 12c; potatoes, 30c to 40c per bushel.

Indianapolis—Cattle, shipping, \$3.00 to \$3.80; hogs, choice light, \$4.00 to \$7.40; sheep, common to prime, \$2

ILLINOIS STATE NEWS

QUEST COVERS A LIFETIME.

James Bothwell Hunts for Lost Sister Sixty Years and Finds Her.

A search of sixty years for a sister from whom he parted in Canada was terminated in Joliet the other day by the meeting of James Bothwell and Mrs. Jane Herbert. When they were children, 7 and 6 years respectively, their parents died. The boy was adopted by a resident of Montreal, Canada. Another family took the sister. Several years later the boy, reaching at unkind treatment, ran away to sea. When he attained his majority he had saved up \$900, and with that he started out to find his sister. He has traveled all over the United States and Canada in his search. When his money gave out he would go to work until he had accumulated enough to start again. He resided several years at Michigan City, Ind. A few weeks ago he went to Montreal and began a search of all records. By chance he discovered the entry showing the marriage of Jane Bothwell to Abraham Herbert. He also learned that she had lived with a family named Torrence. From them he learned that Jane Bothwell had moved to Illinois to a place they thought was Joliet. On looking at the map Mr. Bothwell concluded that Joliet was most likely the place. Mrs. Herbert, who is now a widow, keeps a little store.

SEEKS TO END TROUBLES.

Loan Association Official Kills Himself at Springfield Home.

The body of George J. Barrett, secretary of the Springfield City Savings and Loan Association, was found in the rear of his home in Springfield on a recent morning. In his right hand was clasped a revolver and bullet wounds above the right ear told the remainder of the story. Mr. Barrett had been suffering from sleeplessness for some time. Mental aberration is undoubtedly responsible for the suicide. A few days ago an examiner from the State Auditor's office made an examination of the affairs of Mr. Barrett's association and found it to be perfectly solvent and in good financial shape, but the secretary's books were in a tangled condition and contained many errors. These had appeared since the books were posted up for July and led to the conclusion that Mr. Barrett's mental trouble dated from that time. Officers of the association state that the books may show a shortage, but if they do the amount will be inconsequential and not such a sum as would have embarrassed a man in Barrett's financial condition. Mr. Barrett was 52 years old, was a native of New York and had lived in Springfield twenty-five years. He was a member of the County Board of Supervisors.

MOP'S VICTIM BADLY WOUNDED.

George Wilson, Negro Shot at Sparta, in Jail at Chester.

George Wilson, the negro who was shot while escaping from a mob at Sparta, is in jail at Chester in a critical condition. He has four gunshot wounds in his body. He was taken from the jail at Sparta by a mob and a rope placed around his neck. Just as they were about to hang him to a telegraph pole he suddenly slipped the noose over his head and made a frantic dash for liberty. The mob fired a volley after the fleeing man, who, although wounded, succeeded in escaping for the time being. The marshal organized a posse and started in pursuit. At Sparta he was found in a cornfield. As soon as the posse approached Wilson started to run again, but the load from a shotgun fired by one of the posse brought him down. Wilson broke into the home of William Colbert, at Sparta, on a recent night, and attempted to assault Mr. Colbert's daughter, Minnie.

VACCINATION FOR CATTLE.

State Live Stock Board Urges It for Anthrax and Blackleg.

The State live stock commissioners have issued a bulletin on the subject of anthrax and blackleg, which is prevalent throughout the State in many herds. Anthrax, the bulletin says, is an infectious disease and not contagious in the common acceptance of the term. It is due to the presence of a germ which inhabits the soil of an infected territory, and as the vegetation produced thereon, if the germs are received into the system of an animal through the mouth or nose it produces the apoplectic form; if received into the system through wounds the carbuncular form is the result. Blackleg is caused by the entrance of a germ into the system of an animal through the skin, which rapidly produces fatal results. Vaccination is recommended as a preventive in both of these diseases.

TROLLEY LINE NEARS FINISH.

Will Run from Lake Bluff to Libertyville Next Month.

The Chicago and Milwaukee Electric Railway Company will finish this month its new line from Lake Bluff to Libertyville. The company has built six miles of double track through one of the finest sections of agricultural country in northern Illinois. A brick depot and power house has just been completed at Libertyville. The road is an air line, has no curves or grades, and will ultimately be extended to Fox Lake, and will carry both passengers and freight. The company also expects to complete the road connecting Waukegan and Kenosha, by which there will be a through line from Chicago to Milwaukee.

LARGE DEAL IN APPLE CROPS.

Output of Two Illinois Orchards Brings \$11,500.

The Illinois Orchard Company, in which a number of Kankakee are financially interested, has just sold the apples in two orchards for \$11,500. These orchards, which total 125 acres, are situated in Olay and Richmond counties, were purchased eighteen months ago for \$11,000. The apples were of the Ben Davis and Jonathan varieties. H. M. Dunlap of Savoy is president and Len Small of Kankakee is secretary of the company.

State News in Brief.

Walter De Wolfe of Chicago, 17 years old, was drowned at Manitowish, Mich., by the capsizing of a sailboat.

John Alexander Dowle has expelled about sixty of his followers who have neglected to pay their tithes.

Dr. Orval A. Miller, a well-known young physician of Rockbridge, shot his wife instantly killed his white son was sitting at the piano playing for the amusement of her three children. He then took a dose of tincture of opium, from the effects of which he died as Sheriff Conley of Carrollton was taking him to jail. He had been drinking for several days.

The twenty-second annual reunion of the Old Settlers' Society of Will County was held at Joliet. There was a large attendance. The report of the necrologist showed that 270 members had died during the year, of which number fourteen were over 90 years of age, the eldest being 99 years. George H. Munroe of Joliet was chosen president in place of H. M. Higginbotham, who has retired. During the afternoon addresses were made by D. F. Higgins, B. F. Martin and A. H. Loring.

Mrs. John Lipe, a well-known resident of Pana, who weighs 250 pounds, publicly horsewhipped William Hogan, a coal miner, on the principal street of Pana. She was driving down the street with a companion when she first saw Hogan. Immediately she stopped the buggy, got out and began to lash him. When she had used up the lash she turned the whip and beat him with the butt end. Outsiders finally interfered and separated the pair. Mrs. Lipe says Hogan had slandered her. Hogan denies the allegation.

Articles of incorporation for the Springfield and Central Illinois Electric Railway Company, with a capital stock of \$200,000 and principal office at Springfield, have been filed in the office of the Secretary of State. The new road is to be constructed from Springfield through the counties of Sangamon, Logan and McLean to Bloomington, and through the counties of Sangamon and Macon to Decatur. The line also will have a southern branch extending from Springfield to Carlinville and west from Springfield to Jacksonville.

The street car company of Rockford is teaching the boys of the town how to operate street cars. The boys are paid cents an hour for their work and incidentally learn how to manipulate the trolley, brake a car and slight trouble. The occasion for the employment of the lads was furnished by the large crowds to the Chautauqua, when extra help was required. Some of the boys made as much as \$1.00 a day.

At a meeting of the drainage commissioners of the Tazewell and Mason counties district, held at Maunio, it was decided to carry the suit instituted in the Mason County Circuit Court up to the Illinois Supreme Court in order to get a ruling on a question which has been the source of many suits during the last year. The point at issue is whether or not the directors have the authority to make a five-year levy for the deepening of the two big ditches, which are twenty miles in length. The opposition to the plan holds that as the ten years in which taxes were authorized to be levied have expired, that a new five-year levy cannot be made without the consent of all of the property holders.

On the ground that she became a bluenist when she married Walter Kilner a year ago, Eastern heirs to Kilner's estate will contest his widow's right to any share in his wealth. Kilner was a retired merchant of Mattoon. He died a month ago. A few days later his widow, Mrs. May O. Kilner, who is prominent in local society, filed a suit to have his estate of \$80,000 divided so that she could obtain her portion. The Eastern heirs filed a cross bill in the city court, contesting Mrs. Kilner's rights in the property of her late husband. In their bill they allege that Mrs. Kilner was the wife of a man named Fugate when she married Kilner and that she has never been divorced from Fugate. When the cross bill was filed O. B. Wilson, president of the Mattoon National Bank, was appointed receiver for the estate. Mrs. Kilner denies all the allegations of the Eastern heirs.

There is much excitement in Tazewell County, owing to the fact that gold has been found in paying quantities a short distance northwest of Idyll. The precious metal is located in a four-acre tract owned by Frank L. Hay of that place. A small creek runs around the tract, and on one side there is a very abrupt bank rising to a height of sixty feet. In the side of this bank men have dug and found ore which is very rich in gold and silver. Shafts are being sunk and the ore is being got out for smelting. The first report of the owners shows that out of 150 wheelbarrow loads of dirt excavated \$50 worth of the precious metals was secured. This has been sent to the mint at Philadelphia. Owing to the rush of speculators to the mine the owners are charging 25 cents admission, and are making a profitable venture on the side. The gold is what is known as free metal, and lies between the strata of gravel. It is only obtained by careful washing, and it requires an expert to save the gold as it is washed out. The placer method is used in the separating process.

When the Washington school building was opened for the fall term at Peoria it was discovered that it had been looted of well nigh everything movable, including chairs, desks, window shades and all other furnishings.

At Litchfield while lying on a sofa reading a letter Sylvester Murphy, 50 years old, a wealthy farmer, was shot and instantly killed. The assassin evidently stood close to the window through which he fired. There is no reason why the attack should have been made and the wife of the deceased has no suspicion as to the culprit.

ILLINOIS THIRD IRON STATE.

Total Capital Is \$43,550,239, a Large Increase in Twenty Years.

Illinois is the third State in the manufacture of iron and steel in the census year of 1900; had capital invested in this industry amounting to \$43,550,239, compared with \$34,080,010 in 1890 and \$5,705,020 in 1880. The capital has been multiplied many times in the last twenty years. The average number of wage-earners employed in this industry in Illinois in 1900 was 18,012, compared with 8,635 in 1890 and 5,233 in 1880. The wages paid in 1900 amounted to \$9,040,716, compared with \$5,220,883 in 1890 and \$2,503,718 in 1880. For materials, the active iron and steel establishments in Illinois paid \$11,720,201 in 1900, \$30,030,074 in 1890, and \$14,077,145 in 1880. The value of their products amounted to \$90,308,144 in 1900, \$30,011,051 in 1890, and \$20,545,280 in 1880. The increase in capital invested in 1900 over 1890 was \$9,000,320 and over 1880 it was \$37,600,010. The increase in the wages paid in 1900 over 1890 was \$4,410,833 and over 1880 it was \$7,131,098. Materials in 1900 cost \$11,080,587 more than in 1890 and \$2,722,116 more than in 1880. The value of the products was \$21,202,603 greater in 1900 than in 1890 and \$39,750,855 more than in 1880.

FAIL TO JOIN DEMOCRATS.

Populists of Illinois Name an Independent Ticket and Denounce Old Parties.

The People's party of Illinois, in State convention at Springfield, nominated the following ticket and repudiated fusion with the Democrats.

For Clerk of the Supreme Court—W. W. Scott, Centralia.
For Treasurer—Dietrich Baister, Bethalto.
For Superintendent of Public Instruction—W. C. Gullett, Marietta.
For Trustees of the State University—L. E. Johnson, Danville and Richard Standley, Jacksonville.
The conference was attended only by those who are interested in the People's party movement and who have influence in their counties. A year ago 150 delegates came to the State conference from Chicago. This time Joseph A. Hopp and W. H. Baring alone represented Cook County. The platform adopted indorses the Omaha and Cincinnati platforms and indorses the Louisville convention as a means of bringing together all who are opposed to monopoly on natural resources. The platform denounces both old parties.

FALLS FROM TRAIN UNHURT.

Sleeping Child Drops from Window of

Reece Sanders, aged 12 years, while asleep fell out of a car window from a train running fifty miles an hour, twelve miles west of Carlyle, and was unhurt. He had fallen into a dense growth of grass and escaped save for a few scratches on the face. The boy was with a party of small children en route from Kansas to Kentucky, where they are about to locate on a farm. His loss was not discovered until the fast train on the Baltimore and Ohio, on which the lads were traveling, reached Carlyle. As there are no telegraph stations between Carlyle and St. Louis which are open at night, the parents and relatives of the child suffered great anxiety concerning his fate.

DECLARE MAN LEGALLY DEAD.

Land Buyers Refuse to Recognize Living Soldier Missing for Years.

David Hartman, an old soldier, disappeared from his home in Crawford County, Illinois, in 1874 and was mourned as dead by his family. Twenty years later Dr. David Wilson of Robinson, after leaving an estate of 3,500 acres of land, Hartman was one of five heirs to the estate. The estate was divided and Hartman's daughters—Sarah J. Burkett and Grace O. Alberry, now of Ohio—were awarded his share. They sold 500 acres. Hartman returned to Robinson several days ago and instituted proceedings to recover his inheritance. He has been living at Adley, Wash. The purchasers from his daughter will resist on the ground that he is legally dead.

CLAIM FOR \$154,000 DENIED.

State Commission Decides Against Gleason & Sons of Chicago.

The State claims commission denied the claim of Edward Gleason & Sons of Chicago against the State for \$154,000. The commission holds that the claimants are indebted to the State for a greater amount than is due them for work. Gleason & Sons were given the contract for building the insane asylum at South Bartonville. The contract was declared forfeited by the commissioners, as the work was not finished within the specified time. The contractors then filed a claim against the State to recover \$154,000, which was for the unfinished part of the contract.

MORE PAY FOR ENGINEERS.

Firemen of the Chicago and Eastern Illinois Also Get Increase.

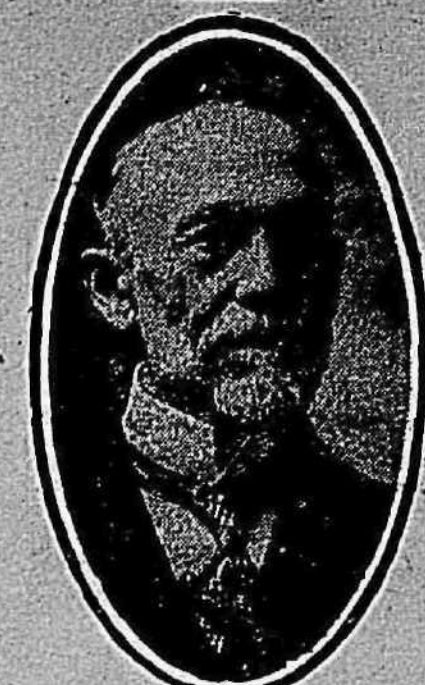
Chicago and Eastern Illinois engineers, as the result of a conference between their committee and Assistant Superintendent Jackson, have been granted an increase in wages from \$3.60 per 100 miles, while the firemen will be given an increase from \$1.75 to \$1.93 per 100 miles. Engineers will earn about \$20 and firemen about \$11 more per month. Chicago and Alton brakemen have formulated a demand for an increase in pay from \$55 to \$60 a month and have sent the demand in to the officials at Chicago. This is the first step toward a demand for an increase in wages by the employees of the Alton system.

COMPLEXION TO COST LIFE.

Two Girls of Duquand May Die from Eating Arsenic Wafers.

Miss Ethel Pells and Miss Edie McKinner, two young girls of Duquand, were found unconscious and critically ill in the home of Miss Pells as the result of eating arsenic wafers. The poison wafers were advertised as being good for the complexion and the girls had eaten a number of them.

SENATOR PLATT PREDICTS END OF MINERS' STRIKE.



SENATOR PLATT.

Senator Thomas C. Platt declared in the most positive terms in New York the other night that the coal strike would be settled within two weeks.

"How will it be settled? Will there be arbitration or will an agreement be reached between the miners and the operators?" was asked. "I cannot tell you how it will be settled," Senator Platt replied, "but there will be no coal sold at \$10 a ton this winter. It will surely be settled at the longest within two weeks from this time."

DEATH OF EDWARD EGGLESTON.

Author of 'The Hoosier Schoolmaster,' Passes Away.

Edward Eggleston, the noted author of many popular works of American history and of fiction, died suddenly at his home, Joshua's Rock, Lake George, N. Y. He was in his sixty-fifth year.

Dr. Eggleston was born in Vevay, Ind., on the 10th of December, 1837, and received his early education in the country school of the neighborhood, and later at a school for boys in Amelia County, Va.



EDWARD EGGLESTON.

He entered the Methodist ministry in 1857, and for twenty-two years was connected with the church as preacher and editor, but resigned in 1870 to devote himself entirely to literature. His most widely known books are "The Hoosier Schoolmaster," "The Hoosier Schoolboy," "The End of the World," "The Mystery of Metropolisville," "The Graysons," "The Path Doctor" and "The Transit of Civilization from England to America."

GIBBONS GREATLY IMPROVED.

Physician Says Cardinal's Complete Recovery Is Assured.

Cardinal Gibbons, the noted prelate who was recently stricken at his home in Baltimore and whose condition for a time caused serious apprehension, has so far recovered as to be up and about in his room attending to his correspondence. His physician reports that the cardinal's complete recovery from his recent attack of nephritis within a short time is assured.



CARDINAL GIBBONS.

"Larry" Manton, a St. Louis politician, while resisting arrest, was shot and killed by Policeman Thomas O'Hearn. Manton and several other men were creating a disturbance in a saloon and the officer was called in to quell it. Manton attacked O'Hearn and the shooting followed.

Kills a Ward Politician.

Anton Christensen, a carpenter employed in South Omaha, shot and killed his wife in their rooms at the Montgomery Hotel, of which the woman was proprietress. He acknowledged his deed and said it was the result of domestic difficulties.

William J. Bryan will devote all of October to the campaign in Nebraska. He will make but few speeches outside that State this fall.

Seattle was selected as the city in which will be held the next session of the trans-Mississippi congress in 1903.

BARTHOLIN IS DEAD.

TAKES HIS OWN LIFE IN AN IOWA WHEAT FIELD.

Body of the Chicago Matricide Is Fully Identified—Confession in His Pocket—He Slew Both His Mother and Minnie Mitchell.

William J. Bartholin, the Chicago fugitive, is a suicide and the self-confessed murderer of his mother and his sweetheart, Minnie Mitchell. He shot out his life while sitting on a shock of wheat in a field near Lawther, Iowa, probably on Sunday, Aug. 31. The body was found Friday night. A Howard County coroner's jury established the identity of the corpse.

In the pocket of the coat was found a confession of the two unnatural crimes in which Bartholin attempted to implicate his sweetheart in the murder of his mother. The confession in full follows: To Whom It May Concern: I wish to state that I am the Bartholin the police are looking for. I also wish to certify that I had no assistance of any kind from anyone. Thompson, Claffy and Counselman are all as innocent as an unborn child and should be freed at once.

I cannot go into details in regard to the crime. They were not planned. It was all Minnie and I could do. My mind is wandering. Such a drop in life in so short a time, two months ago traveling in the best company, to-day leading the life of hoboes a murderer.

I intended to go into details and tell all, but I can't get my mind centered. Even my handwriting is disgraceful, but above all things I ask everybody from under suspicion, there is no second party and I am the last. WILLIAM J. BARTHOLIN.

Besides the confession of the dead man a letter from Minnie Mitchell was also found in the clothing. That he should carry a written instrument of this character.



WILLIAM J. BARTHOLIN.

ter with him which would immediately establish his identity if he had been arrested in life is another mysterious phase of the queer methods the young man followed.

The body of Bartholin was found Friday afternoon. It was first noted by Joseph Pratt, a well digger, when he entered the field with a man named Dawes. Pratt paid no attention to it until 5 o'clock Friday afternoon. Then he made an investigation.

Killed with Revolver. The body was stretched across the top of a stack of wheat sheaves. A revolver was grasped in the left hand and a bullet wound on the jaw marked the point where the leaden missile started on its errand of death.

When Pratt first saw the dark object lying on the shock of grain he thought it was a sleeping man, but casting his suspicious, if he had any, to the winds, went about his work. Later in the day his curiosity got the better of his earlier unconcern and he returned to the field.

Hunling out the spot where the object rested, to his surprise and horror he found a lifeless body. He waited at the roadside until he could call a passing team. In this he was soon successful, and a telegram was dispatched by this person to Coroner Carpenter at Lime Springs.

The finder of the remains then returned to the field. Neighbors were called out and care taken of the body. The clothing was searched and the Bartholin confession found. This was carefully scrutinized, and the letters and other documents contained in the pockets preserved for the use and guidance of the coroner's jury.

This confession and accompanying papers were later turned over to Coroner Carpenter, who presented them to the jury impeached and then retained them in his custody. At the inquest witnesses concerning the finding of the corpse gave their testimony and identified the confession and the letters as those found in the pockets of the dead man's clothing. The jury of three men, Jeremiah and William Cashman and Michael Howard, then returned the following verdict:

"William J. Bartholin died by his own hand of a revolver bullet shot through the mouth. Bullet not found."

Notes of Current Events.

Jellico, Tenn., miners and operators have agreed on wages for a year.

A Lisbon message says that the crown jewels have been sold to pay a big royal debt.

Hamilton Moulton, Camden, Ark., was murdered at North Yakima, Wash., apparently for his money.

Strawberry plants in southern Missouri are, in some instances, producing a second crop of berries this year.

"The crops of southern Russia," cables the Odessa correspondent of the London Standard, "show the largest yield of the last ten years."

Steamer Norseman is carrying 1,170 cattle and 1,303 sheep from Portland, Me., to Liverpool, the largest shipment ever taken across the Atlantic.

Luke Blevins was fatally shot by John Bost at Elmore, L. E. Blevins was riding over his ranch when he met Bost. An altercation arose and the shooting followed.

George Goebel, 60 years old, living in Argentine, Kan., attempted suicide at his home by cutting the arteries in his left wrist. Goebel lost his wife about a year ago and this preyed upon his mind.

Prices of bottles will be raised from 10 to 15 cents a gross, according to L. L. Turner, president of the Western Glass Bottle Association, which has been in session in Chicago, and which authorized the advance.



WASHINGTON GOSSIP.

Formal announcement of the terms which President Roosevelt would approve for the construction of a cable between the United States and the Indian possessions in the Pacific ocean was made at Oyster Bay. The only practicable offer to construct this cable had been made by the Commercial Cable Company, headed by the late John W. Mackay. The proposed cable company must keep free from foreign alliances or monopolistic combinations, and touch only American territory. The government to have the right of purchase at any time or to assume full control in time of war. Employees must be American citizens and cable rates reasonable and at speed of not less than twenty-five words a minute to Manila. The traffic manager of the Commercial Pacific Cable Company announced that his company was not satisfied with the conditions proposed by the President and would make a counter proposal. Compensation from the government will be asked in war time.

The part which postal employees are to be permitted to take in a political campaign is outlined in the following instructions which Acting Postmaster General Wynne has addressed to a postmaster who sent a letter of inquiry: "In reply to your letter, you are informed that you are not prohibited from joining a political club, nor from making voluntary financial contributions outside of a government office or building, nor from acting as a delegate to a county, State or congressional convention. You should not, however, serve as chairman of a State or county committee, nor take part in conducting a political convention, nor make yourself unduly prominent in local political matters."

The annual report of the auditor of the Interior Department shows that the disbursements from the appropriations for army pensions for the year ending June 30, 1902, amounted to \$133,550,030, as follows: Survivors of the Mexican and Indian wars and the war of 1812, \$963,020; invalids, \$100,707,109; widows, \$28,555,087; minors, \$1,112,804; dependent relatives, \$2,400,010; helpless children, \$123,030; army nurses, \$93,302. The disbursements for navy pensions for the same period amounted to \$3,844,702, as follows: Invalids, \$2,017,000; widows, \$1,114,030; minors, \$33,950; dependent relatives, \$70,001; helpless children, \$1,770.

The United States government has decided to increase the number of Siberian reindeer in Alaska to 15,000 head. The Rev. Sheldon Jackson, educational agent for Alaska, obtained permission to experiment in this line in 1892, and since that time a number of importations have been made with great success. Laplanders have been imported to care for the animals at regular herding stations, and notwithstanding many difficulties and some losses, the animals have multiplied fast and become indispensable as beasts of burden.

It is reported that the Grand Army of the Republic is to have permanent headquarters at Washington, and that the organization is to be put on a business instead of a social basis. Owing to the advanced age of members, the spectacular features of the yearly gatherings will be abandoned and the material welfare of its members will be made the main object of the organization.

In the experiments in wireless telegraphy conducted by the Navy Department at Annapolis, the first of four systems tested resulted in the successful exchange of signals with Washington, thirty-five miles distant. Four systems, not including Marconi's, will be tested on land and at sea, and the best system will be adopted by the department.

The attention of President Roosevelt and the Treasury Department has been called to alleged undervaluations in the importation of china and pottery from abroad, and a strict investigation is under way. The losses to the treasury are said to be from \$1,000,000 to \$1,500,000 a year.

Patents have been granted to Prof. Fessenden of the weather bureau on eleven parts of a wireless telegraph apparatus. It is understood that Prof. Fessenden has a complete working system, and will begin at once the operation of actual business. His experiments have been conducted at Mantee, N. C.

Pension Commissioner Ware has evolved a plan for helping G. A. R. men by means of a big reception in the Pension building during the coming encampment. Each soldier who attends is to receive a "statue card," on which he may inscribe his military record, so that clerks may determine whether he is entitled to a new or increased pension.

The War Department has ordered the return to Manila of all the prisoners in Guam who have taken the oath of allegiance to the United States. They will be released under the terms of the President's amnesty proclamation of July 3.

If no other good comes of the joint maneuvers of the army and navy many weak places in the coast defense system of the United States will be discovered in time of peace when they can be remedied.

Worthless money has been circulated in Morristown, N. J., and vicinity, probably from old bank plates. As the notes are not counterfeits of any United States notes, the makers can be punished only for fraud under the State law.

Pending Cuba's effort to join the Universal Postal convention by appeal to the Swiss Federal Council, the United States has agreed to continue the temporary agreement for the exchange of money orders with Cuba.

In order to determine conclusively the adaptability of oil as fuel for vessels the United States Navy Department is about to make a test on the torpedo boat Rodgers.

Old papers for sale at this office.

THE NEWS.

A REPUBLICAN NEWSPAPER.

PUBLISHED WEEKLY BY

A. B. JOHNSON, - Publisher

By Mail, One Dollar Per Year, in Advance.

THE NEWS Guarantees a Larger Circulation in Western Lake County, than Any Paper Published in the State.

ANTIOCH, ILLINOIS.

Col. John A. Joyce and Mrs. Ella Wheeler Wilcox are still quarreling over the authorship of "Laugh and the World Laughs with You." Our knowledge of poetry is rather limited but we prefer to read it to quarreling over its authorship. Perhaps Bacon wrote Shakespeare's plays and Col. Joyce wrote the poem referred to, but as to the latter we have very little sympathy with a twenty year's squabble over a stick of peppermint candy.

The Commoner says "The gentlemen who imagine that the democracy needs reorganizing should consult an alienist." The editor should take heed. Everyone knows that the drunkard thinks he is the only sober man and the fool is wise wisdom is confined to himself. Mr. Bryan should not place himself in either category, even by implication.

The people like a man. Mere orators may please and amuse them, as other artists do, but when they find a man they are apt to stick to him. Mr. Roosevelt has honesty, ability and courage, as is shown not only by his present speeches but by his life work, and the people won't forget that he is not only pleasant but common sense.

Justice Shiras expresses his views on the labor question as follows: The incorporation of labor unions is the primary step toward the passage of an arbitration law. The unions must be responsible for the carrying out of an agreement and until they are there is little hope for compulsory arbitration of labor troubles.

During the year 1901 the United States produced 3,895,500 ounces of gold valued at \$78,666,700 and 55,214,000 ounces of silver valued at \$33,128,400. Colorado produced more gold and silver than any other state Texas produced but \$600 worth of gold and Alabama but \$600 worth of silver.

The army surgeons in the Philippines have succeeded in stamping out dysentery and adobe itch among the troops. The first was conquered by strict sanitation and the second by thoroughly drying clothes after washing and ironing them with very hot irons.

There are more than a billion people in the world. There are probably more than a million men and women among the lot. But Mr. Bryan thinks there is only one statesman now living and modestly compels him to decline to say who that statesman is.

China is about to mint her own higher coins and has asked our government to loan her an assayer and a superintendent of machinery. At present, Mexican and other silver dollars are the current money of the empire.

A would-be assassin threw a bomb at an inoffensive capitalist in Styria the other day. The capitalist was very slightly injured, one of his poor laborers was nearly killed and the would-be assassin has gone to his reward.

It is estimated that this years cotton will aggregate 9,700,000 bales which is a slight decrease from the crop of last year. It is usual to figure a bale as containing 500 pounds.

Great Salt Lake is at the lowest level since observations of it have been recorded. In nine years it has lost six feet in depth and in some places has narrowed nearly a mile.

A London publisher who has issued a cast of characters similar to the dramatic personae of the playbills has found the scheme a good one and his books are selling.

The democrats have paid so much attention to the weeds in the republican fences that they have quite forgotten the dilapidated conditions of their own boundaries.

It is quite true that the tariff may need some surgical attention but the people will see to it that the cutting is done with a lancet, not with a battle ax.

Free trade theorists would find conditions in Africa to suit them. All the exports are national products and all the imports manufactured articles.

Unless you repent and believe in the Hon. W. J. Bryan you cannot be saved, so the Commoner says, and the Commoner is the democratic bible.

Once in a while we read of the "Populists." Will some student of ancient history kindly tell us who they were, where they lived, and what they did?

The Keynotes now sounding indicate some lively campaign music for the republicans and an all "rag time" program for the democrats.

Cross With the Signature. In ancient days the addition of a cross to the signature did not always indicate that the signer could not write, but was added as an attestation of good faith.

EDITORIAL COMMENTS.

Let's see, which one of the Democratic state platforms has given a definite declaration of the Democratic Philippine policy?

The Chicago Chronicle (Democrat) believes that Mr. Bryan will head the Populist movement in 1904, because he is now so bitterly assailing leading Democrats. It is evident that Mr. Bryan's future is giving the brethren a good deal of uneasiness.

It was a Republican congress which abolished all the war taxes on July 1. It was a Republican administration that conducted the war to a successful and glorious conclusion. It was a Republican administration that paid the war debt.

The Democrats to be most pitted are those who set out in 1896 denouncing 16 to 1, who finally declared themselves converted to the heresy, and are now compelled to reconvert themselves so that they will regard free coinage of silver as a delusion.

The Indianapolis Journal is correct in its statement that Democratic senators and representatives who have been abusing our soldiers in the Philippines will discover when they get out among the people that attacking the American army in the rear is not popular.

The whole condition of affairs of the nation, so far as the two big parties are concerned, is summed up by the phrase clung in the face of the Democrats in congress by Congressman Cannon: "We pull the wagon and we do all the work and you find the fault." This certainly characterizes the attitude of the Democracy.

The present industrial conditions, which include plenty of work in all times at good wages, good prices for farm products, and general prosperity will continue until such time as the people repeat the error which created the hard times of 1893-1897 under Cleveland. They will be in no great hurry to try another such an experiment.

Wherever the Republican party has control of public affairs, it has proved itself a trustworthy custodian of the people's interests. Its policy is affirmative, creative, progressive. Opposed to it is a party whose policy is negative, destructive, retrogressive; a party which is ever striving to undo things that are; whose cardinal doctrine is that whatever is, is wrong. In a few months the people of the nation will be called upon again to decide which of these two parties shall control the house of representatives. Can there be a doubt that the decision will be in favor of the party that does things?

The Democratic New York Times, commenting upon the attitude of the Democratic members of congress toward the Philippine question, when the Philippine bill was being debated in congress, very truthfully said: "At present the contribution of the minority to the settlement of the Philippine question seems to be only the carrying out of a campaign of calumny against the United States army." It adds that while "it is the duty of the minority to criticize the party in power, its criticism should be constructive to be sound and effective." That is just exactly what they were not.

Illinois Democratic newspapers and orators will, in the absence of some constructive policy, as usual, find fault with the actions of congress. Already they are talking about a "billion dollar congress," extravagant appropriations, etc., when the facts are that the Democrats in congress not only voted for every appropriation which passed, save one, but proposed some very foolish ones which did not pass. It is a notable fact that the one appropriation which they opposed and opposed vigorously was the one which provided food, shelter and reasonable comforts for our soldiers in the Philippines. This is the record of the Democratic members of the so-called billion dollar congress.

Just what the paramount issue of the Democracy, reorganized, disorganized and otherwise, may be before the voter goes to the polls in November can not now be surmised. But certain it is, that in some of the western states, and doubtless here in Illinois, an attempt will be made to make the tariff an issue, if not the paramount one. But it will certainly be a short-sighted voter who would be misled by the same sort of sophistry which gave us the Cleveland administration, a free trade congress, a Wilson bill, and universal hard times. Years when every industry was paralyzed, factories closed and goods laid upon shelves and rotted in the warehouses. Years when charity fed a large portion of our people and armies of unemployed tramped across the country. These were the years of cheap goods when we were striking at our alleged enemies, "the robber tariff barons." A prosperous nation will hardly be misled into turning over this government to the party which was responsible for the Wilson bill.



EVANGELIST R. TIBBS MAXEY

R. Tibbs Maxey, Evangelist of the Christian church, was born in Owingsville, Ky., of Christian parents. His grandfather was a pioneer preacher of the Church of Christ contemporary with Alexander Campbell. At the age of ten he listened to the claims of the higher power upon his soul and gave himself to his Savior. At fifteen he began to preach in his home community with great success.

Feeling the needs of a higher education and a more perfect knowledge of the Bible, he entered Kentucky University in 1894 where he pursued a university course, studying the sacred writings under Prof. J. W. McGarvey, perhaps the most perfect Bible scholar in the world. From this institute he graduated in 1899. He has since preached in Kentucky, Indiana, Illinois and Iowa, in all of which he has been very successful.

Two years ago Mr. Maxey went to Fulton, Ill., to take charge of a mission church which one of our successful evangelists had given up as a hopeless case while other preachers were careful to avoid it. Under Mr. Maxey's management the membership was almost doubled in one year. During the next few months, while still at Fulton, he was invited to come to Clinton, Iowa. He visited this place, saw that there was a good field, and began a meeting which resulted in the organization of a church of 20 members. During this time he continued his pastoral duties at Fulton.

Five weeks ago he went to DeWitt, Ia., where he found a church much discouraged, not having had a preacher for nearly a year. Since then a Christian Endeavor has been organized, a prayer meeting started and sufficient money raised to remodel the church.

He now comes to give us some of the good things he has learned by experience and study. We are very hopeful that the meetings which he now begins with us will be one of great influence for good on the community at large and that many souls may be brought into the kingdom under his earnest and able preaching. We solicit your presence, prayers and interest in the meetings now in progress. Hear the series of soul-stirring sermons on spirited subjects.

Illinois Central Through to Florida
Beginning Monday, Jan. 6, 1902, the Illinois Central will run a through sleeping car between Chicago and Jacksonville, Florida, via Nashville, Chattanooga and Atlanta. It will leave Chicago daily at 6:10 p. m. and arrive at Jacksonville the second morning, running over the celebrated "Dixie Flyer" scenic route. This is an extension of its all-the-year-round Chicago and Nashville sleeping-car line.

The Wisconsin Central Railway
Maintains a daily train service between Chicago, Milwaukee, Manitowish, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Ashland and Duluth, reaching Eau Claire, Chippewa Falls, Marshfield, Hurley, Ironwood and Bessemer as well as the principal points of Wisconsin enroute. Connections with roads running South, East, West and North are made at terminal points. Pullman Sleepers are attached to all night trains and meals are served A La Carte. Any agent of the Wisconsin Ry. will be pleased to give you further information, furnish tickets and reserve sleeping car accommodations.
Jas. C. Pond, Gen. Pass. Agt., Milwaukee, Wis.

JOHN J. McDOUGALL,
Veterinary Surgeon
Antioch, Illinois.

Real Estate Agents
A Word to You.

Do you want to know where the next great land boom will be, and where you can make plenty of money? If so, write the undersigned for a circular telling "All about it."

J. F. Menniv, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agent
Illinois Central Railroad, Dubuque, Ia.
47410

PATENTS
Send model, sketch or photo of invention for free report on patentability. For free book, How to Secure Patents, write to
CASNOW & CO.
OPPOSITE U. S. PATENT OFFICE
WASHINGTON, D. C.

Her Future Provided For.
The little daughter of Beerbohm Tree, the famous English actor, is the subject of a pleasing story. Once when some visitors were talking of theatrical matters, a lady took the child on her knee and said: "And you, my dear, I suppose you intend to be a great actress when you grow up?" "Oh, no, not at all," was the self-possessed response, "Mamma intends me to marry."

Jackson's Injunction Business.
A Pittsburg business man who happened to be in Parkersburg one day this week met Judge Jackson at the state encampment of the West Virginia national guard. The Judge, whose recent injunctions have caused much discussion, spoke freely on the subject and expressed great amusement at the letters received from different parts of the country.

"Why," he said, "people seem to think I am conducting a wholesale and retail business in injunctions of all kinds. A man in Chicago wrote to get an injunction to restrain his neighbor's big tom cat from annoying him!"—Pittsburg Dispatch.

Illinois Central R. R.

OF INTEREST TO

STOCKHOLDERS

Free Transportation to Attend the Special and Annual Meeting at Chicago.

Public notice is hereby given that a special meeting of the stockholders of the Illinois Central Railroad Company will be held at the Company's office in Chicago, Illinois, on Friday, August 29th, 1902, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon; also that the regular annual meeting of the stockholders of the Company will be held at its offices in Chicago, Illinois, on Wednesday, October 15, 1902, at noon.

To permit personal attendance at these meetings there will be issue to each holder of one or more shares of the capital stock of the Illinois Central Railroad Company as registered on the books of the Company at the close of business on Friday, August 1, 1902, and to stockholders of record on Friday, September 19, 1902, a ticket entitling him, or her, to travel free over the Company's Lines from the station on the Illinois Central Railroad nearest to his or her registered address to Chicago and return, such ticket to be good for the journey to Chicago only during the four days immediately preceding, and the day of the meeting, and for the return journey from Chicago only on the day of the meeting, and the four days immediately following, when properly countersigned and stamped during business hours—that is to say, between 9:00 a. m. and 5:00 p. m.—in the office of the Assistant Secretary, Mr. W. G. Bruce, in Chicago. Such ticket may be obtained by any holder of stock registered as above, on application, in writing, to the President of the Company in Chicago. Each application must state the full name and address of the stockholder exactly as given in his or her certificate of stock, together with the number and date of such certificate. No more than one person will be carried free in respect to any one holding of stock as registered on the books of the Company.

47410 A. G. HACKSTAFF, Secretary.

J. C. James, Jr.,
Justice of the Peace.

All Legal Business Promptly Attended to

FIRE INSURANCE.
Farm and Village Fire Insurance in independent companies.

Special Agent Prudential Co Life Ins

FOR SALE.

One Stayer Surrey \$50.00
Three-seated Wagon, \$70.00
Stayer Top Buggy, \$20.00
Buggy Pole, \$8.50.
In fine condition and must be sold for the value.
2141 L. B. GRICE, Antioch, Ill.

Wedge & Hook

Have just received two carload of
WAGONS, CARRIAGES, BUGGIES
AND RUN-ABOUTS,

Both in Steel and Rubber Tire

—FROM THE—
Racine Wagon & Carriage Co.,
RACINE, WIS.

These Buggies and Wagons are all made of the best and seasoned material, made by skilled mechanics, and are in every way the equal, if not the superior, of any manufactory in the United States.

BUGGIES, SURREYS
and
ROAD WAGONS

At prices that will astonish you and within the reach of all.

DO NOT BUY

Till you have seen our stock and get our prices, for we have them to sell and will give you the benefit of our low prices.

WEDGE & HOOK,
Antioch and Rollins, Ill.

J. C. JAMES, JR.,

UNDERTAKER.

Licensed Embalmer

FALL MILLINERY

Our millinery department is now ready for fall business with a large and complete stock of the latest millinery materials

Business Comprehensive

We do a very general millinery business; sell materials of all kinds for home work; re-trim old hats; sell velvets, silk, felts, ribbons, feathers, ornaments; re-curl feathers and have materials cleaned or dyed.

Expert Trimmers

Our trimmers are thoroughly competent to execute any special orders they may receive. Our new head trimmer is a woman of ability and thoroughly acquainted with "the latest fads" and the millinery business in general. We guarantee that her work will be satisfactory to you.

Street Hats Ready to wear

The correct thing for immediate wear is the Chic and natty Street Hat. We show many of those catchy affairs at very reasonable prices.

Formal Opening

Will be announced later. Of course we will have our big formal opening, showing the swell Pattern Hats and artistic copies of Paris Styles—we have some of them here now and will take advance orders for those who wish the season hats, at once.

"Walk in and look around." Millinery department on Second Floor.

G. R. LYON & SONS.
LEADERS OF LOW PRICES
WAUKEGAN, ILLINOIS.



ICE CREAM
SODA
AND
FANCY DRINKS
AT
HILL'S STORE

Buggies and Farm Implements

Tin Shop in Connection

C. G. NELSON

DEALER IN

Hardware, Stoves, Glass, Cutlery,

WIRE, NAILS, AND SPORTING GOODS.

Tin and Sheet-Iron Ware, Cordage, Farmers' and Mechanics' Tools, Lead, Oil, Paints, Colors and Brushes.

Lake Villa, - - - Illinois

USE
A-B **Stove Polish**
WORLD'S BEST
— LIQUID AND DRY —
Arling Bros. 14-Haddon Ave., Chicago

FLORENCE G. ANDERSON M. D.
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON.

Office and Residence, W. J. French house,
Antioch, - - - Illinois.

D. A. WILLIAMS,
NOTARY PUBLIC.
Office at Williams Bros. Store, Antioch, Ill.
All Notarial Work promptly and accurately attended to.

MISS LELIA WILLIAMS,
Graduate of
Chicago Musical College,
will accept a limited number of pupils
Vocal : or : Piano : Instruction
Antioch, Ill.

E. F. SHAFFER, M. D.,
Physician and Surgeon,
Gray's Lake, Ill.

Calls promptly attended to 29

FLORIDA Through "Dixie Flyer"
Sleeping-Car Lines to
Jacksonville, Route via Nashville, Chattanooga
and Atlanta.

T. N. DONNELLY & CO.
Loan and Diamond Brokers
118 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.
Between Washington and Madison.

DIAMONDS, WATCHES, ALL KINDS JEWELRY
at less than cost. At half the price you pay the regular stores.
Dec 19 01 71

HOMER E. JAMISON, M. D.,
Millburn, Illinois.

Office Hours Saturday and Sunday afternoon and
evenings. Telephone connection with Lake
Villa and Waukegan.

The Brooke Barlow Investment Co
has Money To Loan

on good improved farms at 5 per cent interest Inquire
2841 **BANK OF ANTIOCH.**

F. BAIRSTOW,
MANUFACTURER OF

MARBLE
AND
GRANITE

MONUMENTS.
CEMETARY
WORK
OF
EVERY
DESCRIPTION.

Correspondence Solicited.

126 Genesee St.,

WAUKEGAN, - ILL.

Dr. George Doerbecker,
DENTIST,

Opp. First National Bank,

WAUKEGAN, ILL.

Graduate of Pennsylvania College of Dental Surgery, of Philadelphia.

More Than He Could Stand.
 "After you have taken this medicine," said the physician, "give yourself a hot water bath and go to bed at once."
 "Gosh, doc!" exclaimed the shaggy-haired patient. "Can't you make it a mustard plaster or something like that? I always kick cold when I take a bath!"
 —Chicago Tribune.

Record of the Past.
 The best guarantee of the future is the record of the past and over fifty thousand people have publicly testified that Doan's Kidney Pills have cured them of numerous kidney ills, from common backache to dangerous diabetes, and all the attendant annoyances and sufferings from urinary disorders. They have been cured to stay cured. Here is one case:

Samuel J. Taylor, a retired carpenter, residing at 312 South Third street, Goshen, Ind., says: "On the 25th day of August, 1907, I made an affidavit before Jacob C. Mann, notary public, stating my experience with Doan's Kidney Pills. I had suffered for thirty years and was compelled at times to walk by the aid of crutches, frequently passed gravel and suffered excruciatingly. I took every medicine on the market that I heard about and some gave me temporary relief. I began taking Doan's Kidney Pills and the results I gave to the public in the statement above referred to. At this time, on the 10th day of July, 1902, I make this further statement that during the five years which have elapsed I have had no occasion to use either Doan's Kidney Pills or any other medicine for my kidneys. The cure effected was a permanent one."

A FREE TRIAL of this great kidney medicine which cured Mr. Taylor will be mailed on application to any part of the U. S. Address: Foster-McMillan Co., Buffalo, N. Y. For sale by all druggists, 50c per box.

If the storm clears off in the night, you can expect another storm soon.
 Please remember Mrs. Austin's Pancakes.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.
 The Kind You Have Always Bought
 Bears the Signature of *Wm. D. Galt*

"Home, Sweet Home" Excursion

VIA
Big Four
 TO
 OHIO, INDIANA
 and KENTUCKY

Tuesday, September 16, 1902.

LOW RATES

TO
 INDIANAPOLIS and return,
 CINCINNATI and return,
 LOUISVILLE and return,
 DAYTON and return,
 SPRINGFIELD and return,
 SANDUSKY and return,
 COLUMBUS, O. and return.

Also, Low Rates to Intermediate Points.

Return Limit Thirty Days

Tickets must be deposited with ticket agent at destination immediately upon arrival, and will be valid for return passage on any day within thirty days from date of sale, and will be good for continuous passage only in each direction, the return journey to commence on date of validation.

For tickets and full information call on agents **Big Four Route**.

J. C. TUCKER, Gen. N. Agt., Chicago.
 WARREN J. LYNCH, W. P. DEPPE,
 Gen. Pass. & Tkt. Agt. Asst. G. P. & T. A.
 CINCINNATI, O.

THERE IS NO SLICKER LIKE TOWER'S

Forty years ago and after many years of use on the eastern coast, Tower's Waterproof Oiled Coals were introduced in the West and were called Slickers by the pioneers and cowboys. This graphic name has come into such general use that it is frequently though wrongly applied to many substitutes. You want the genuine. Look for the Sign of the Fish and the name Tower on the bottom.

MADE IN BLACK AND YELLOW
 SOLD BY REPRESENTATIVE TRADE
 THE WORLD OVER
 A. J. TOWER CO. BOSTON, MASS.
 ESTABLISHED 1834

CITY ADVANTAGES

can be secured by all residents of the country or smaller cities if our catalogue is kept for reference. We sell every variety of merchandise at reliable prices. We have been here for the same business for thirty-one years and have two million customers. If we save them money, why not you? Have you our latest, up-to-date catalogue, 1,000 pages full of attractive offerings? If not send us cents to partially pay postage or expressage—the book itself is free.

Montgomery Ward & Co.
 CHICAGO
 The house that tells the truth.

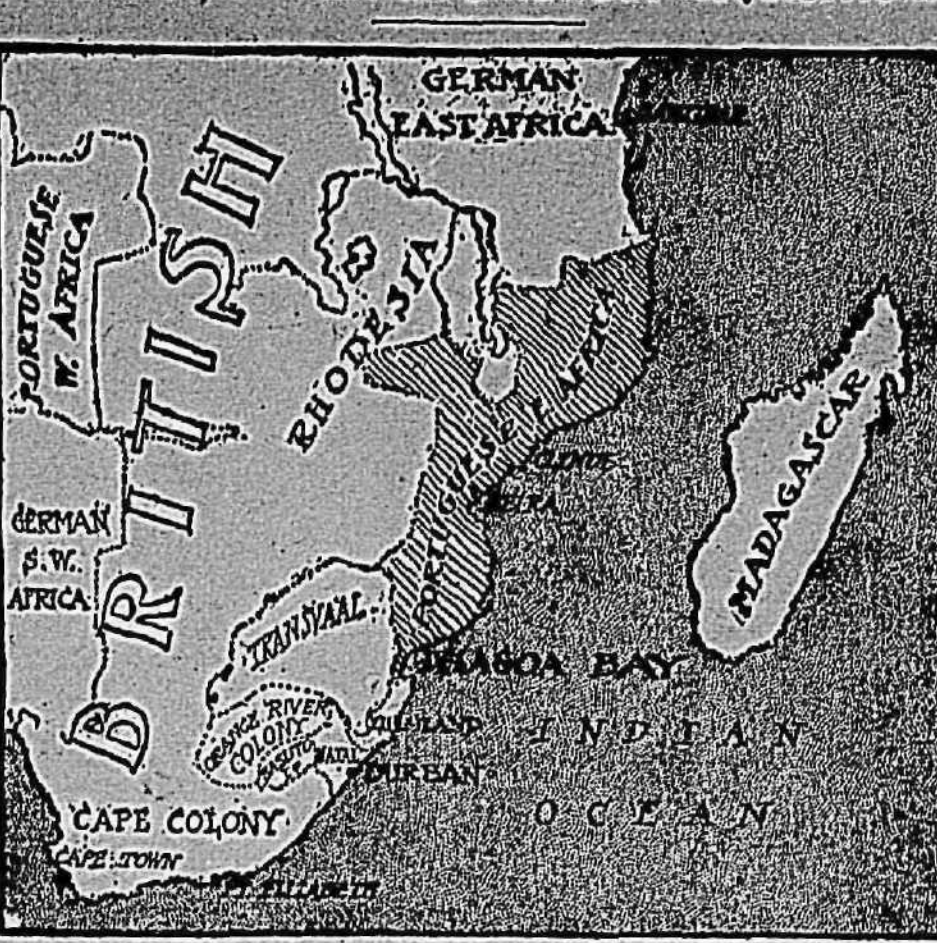
HAMLIN'S WIZARD OIL DIPHTHERIA CROUP

ALL DRUGGISTS SELL IT
 S. N. U. No. 37-1002

PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION

CURES WHOOPING COUGH, BRONCHITIS, ASTHMA, ETC.
 In time. Sold by druggists.

LOCATION OF BRITAIN'S NEWEST ACQUISITION.



Portuguese East Africa, which Great Britain is reported to have purchased under an agreement entered into ten years ago by Great Britain, Germany and Portugal, has an area of 801,000 square miles and a population of 3,120,000. Its ports are Delagoa Bay, which has a railroad connection with the Transvaal, and whose possession is Britain's principal object in buying the territory; and Beira, from which there is a railroad line into Rhodesia, 222 miles in length, and which may go to Germany with the northern part of the territory. The possession of Delagoa Bay gives Great Britain a port for the Transvaal and a naval base on the west coast. Commercially the territory has great promise, particularly in mining. Thousands of gold claims have been staked out by Britishers under concessions from Portugal, and their development awaits only improved transportation facilities. Rubber, ore, wax and ivory are the principal exports. Imports have in late years amounted to \$7,500,000, and exports to \$800,000 annually. Portugal has received from the territory in revenue \$5,000,000 annually, of which three-fifths has been expended in its administration.

STONE MAY END STRIKE.

Pennsylvania Governor Decides to Call the Legislature.

Gov. Stone of Pennsylvania announced Thursday that the coal strike shall be ended. He declared that he would call the Legislature to enact a compulsory arbitration law. He said:

"A law that would settle labor disputes between employer and employee must of necessity be a compulsory arbitration law and the law must be final and conclusive. This law must be drafted for the protection of society and must not be drawn in the interest of employer or of employee."

"Experience teaches that strikes endanger life and property. Whenever life and property are in jeopardy society is menaced. Therefore, legislation should be considered and drawn for the protection of life and property as a public regulation, benefiting the public and protecting society."

"In a general strike like the present one in the anthracite coal regions the general public suffers, and in fact, the whole country suffers, as well as the employer and employee."

"The participants must yield individual rights for the benefit of society and the public demand that strike disputes shall be settled promptly and effectively. The



GOVERNOR STONE.

right of the public, the right of society, is greater than the right of the participants on both sides in any strike.

"We must recognize strikes as they have been, are and will continue to be, and we must deal with them for the public good. I believe that a law should be drawn that would settle disputes between employer and employee speedily and effectively without strikes, but whether legislators and parties interested would agree with me is another thing."

BROOKLYN HITS ROCK.

Strikes Uncharted Obstruction During Sham Warfare.

The United States cruiser Brooklyn, the flagship of Rear Admiral Coghlan, struck a hidden rock in Buzzard's bay and sustained serious damage. The vessel is larger than most boats which enter these waters without a local pilot, but the officers state that the rock upon which the vessel struck is uncharted.

The Brooklyn, together with three other vessels, the Olympia, Puritan and Mayflower, made an attack on Fort Rodman in the pursuance of the plans of the naval maneuvers, but was repulsed. The defenses of the eastern approach to New Bedford repelled to the attacking squadron with a hot fire, and after a couple of hours the vessels drew off to rejoin the main squadron. As they crossed Buzzard's bay and when they were just opposite Dumpling light house the Brooklyn, which was steaming slowly, stopped dead, listed to starboard and began to settle.

The discipline on the cruiser was perfect. Scarcely had the shock been realized when the sailors and marines sprang to "stations," the orders for the closing of the compartment were given and followed out, and the hatches closed without a hitch or a moment's delay. No signs of perturbation were to be seen.

The cruiser held on the rock but a few seconds, when she began to slide off. It was found that she was not making much water and, by the use of pumps was enabled to steam to an anchorage.

The Lokal Anzeiger, of Berlin, says an evidence of the growing Americanization of the world is shown in a plan to establish a postgraduate medical school at Frankfurt after an American model. A private person has contributed \$500,000 for the establishment of this school.

Henryk Siemiradzki, famous Polish pianist, is dead.

CZARINA OF RUSSIA, WHO IS NOW REPORTED SERIOUSLY ILL.



CZARINA OF RUSSIA.

The Czarina of Russia, who is reported to be seriously, though not dangerously, ill, is 30 years old and the mother of four children, all of them daughters. She was formerly the Princess Alexandra Alix, daughter of Ludwig IV., Grand Duke of Hesse, and she was married to the Czar in November, 1894, a few weeks after the death of his father, the late Alexander III. On her removal to Russia the German princess assumed the name of Alexandra Feodorovna. It is said that she has had a remarkable influence on the life and policy of the young emperor, and it is said also that the gravity of her position has had a very saddening influence on her disposition.

OVER 200,000 MILES OF RAIL.

Constant Growth of the United States' Railway Mileage.

The railway mileage of the United States has passed the 200,000 mile mark. The figures at the close of 1901 were approximately 199,525 miles, and the construction for the first six months of 1902 brings the total up to 201,830 miles, the track laid during the first half of this year on 155 lines aggregating 2,314 miles. This is nearly 500 miles in excess of the new mileage for the first six months of 1901, when 1,817 miles were built. The total for the twelve months last year was 5,222 miles, and if the same ratio is maintained this year it will readily be seen that the construction for 1902 will easily exceed 6,000 miles. Tracklaying thus far this year has been distributed throughout forty-one States and Territories, the following States reporting no new mileage, although lines are under construction in all of these with the exception of two or three New England States: New Hampshire, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, New Jersey, Delaware, Wyoming, Nevada and Idaho. Texas shows the largest new mileage with 230 miles. Oklahoma and the Indian Territory are tied for second place, with 211 miles each, and New Mexico is fourth with 190 miles. Other States showing 100 miles or over are: Arkansas, 130 miles; Georgia, 125; Louisiana, 102, and Illinois, 100, Florida being near the 100 mile mark with 97 to her credit.

All Around the Globe.

Mrs. Frances Russell, a demoted nee, attempted suicide by jumping into the Kaw river in Kansas City, Kan. Fishermen saw the woman and by using their boat hooks managed to drag her to shore.

George Pondexter, colored, a coal miner working in mine No. 10 of the Central Coal and Coke Company, at Verier, Mo., was killed in the mine by a large cave-in of rock and slate. He was 45 years of age, was married and resided in that city.

It is predicted by President J. J. Hill of the Northern Securities Company that the three roads whose securities are controlled by his company, the Burlington, Great Northern and Northern Pacific, will have gross earnings of \$150,000,000 this year.

George Clark, who acted as trainer for the football teams at Kansas University in '04, '05, '06, has been engaged to net in that capacity again the coming season. Nellie and Bertha Frallinger and Peter Degar were drowned at Bridgeton, N. J. The party were crabbing and the two young women fell overboard. Degar jumped after them and all three sank.

A fire brigade composed of boys of the institution held a fire in check until the regular firemen arrived at the Catholic rectory in Westchester, N. Y. The fire was soon under control and the loss was kept down to about \$10,000.

PERPETUAL YOUTH FOR WOMEN.

Noted Writer Says They Should Be Coquettes Till 60.

A scientific contemporary has been discussing a very delicate subject. It has been considering why women, as they advance in years, grow plainer than men, and why marriages so frequently destroy their good looks.

With this very question Max O'Rell also deals in his latest book, and it encourages the hope that a woman may retain her youthful appearance longer, and thus gain another point, giving her further equality with man, to find that both the scientific and the philosophic writers agree on the point that careful attention to the personal appearance and the temper may do much to preserve youth and beauty.

Max O'Rell puts the matter rather more encouragingly, perhaps, or at least less primly. He bluntly says that discreet and judicious coquetry will keep a woman absolutely beautiful and young till 60. After that we must mercifully draw the veil. Our scientific mentor soberly advises plenty of open-air exercise, careful attention to the toilet and diet, and the cultivation of amiability, which, as Mr. Kipling says, is altogether "another story."

A sense of humor largely helps the retention of youth, and might have saved Faust a lot of trouble had he possessed it. But, unhappily, amiability and a sense of humor are alike difficult to cultivate; indeed, they are wholly beyond the reach of a large majority; on the whole, therefore, it is safer to rely on attention to the personal appearance.

Nowadays it is made so easy for women to make themselves attractive that there is no excuse for looking older, if, indeed, as old as one's age. The astute French philosopher counsels woman to be careful about her hair; our grave scientific contemporary suggests that a lady's toilet should never be hurried. And to this sage advice may be added a third counsel, which is to cultivate a distinct style of dress.

Unable to Rise.

Morenci, Mich., Sept. 8th.—Mr. J. S. Whitehead, of this place, has given the following letter for publication:

"Unsolicited, I wish to recommend Dodd's Kidney Pills and to return thanks for the great benefit I have derived from a few boxes of this splendid remedy."

"I had kidney trouble very bad, in fact, I suffered so much that for days at a time I could not get out of the chair where I had been sitting without assistance."

"I cannot describe the pains I suffered for they were something fearful. About seven or eight months ago I began using Dodd's Kidney Pills and very soon found that they were helping me."

"I can truthfully say that they have done me more good than all the other medicines I have ever taken."

"I have been greatly benefited by them and it is my desire to let others know so that if anyone is suffering as I suffered they may know where a cure may be found."

He Knows One.

"Well, you're a veterinary surgeon—what do you know about a horse?" asked a provoking attorney.

"I don't pretend to be a horse doctor," replied the witness, "but I know a good deal of the nature of the animal."

"That means to say you know a horse from a jackass when you see them," continued the lawyer in the same style, looking knowing and glancing triumphantly around.

"Oh, yes, just so!" drawled out the intended victim, gazing intently at his legal tormentor. "For instance, I should never take you for a horse!"—Tid Bits.

Cure for Asthma.

Sufferers from Asthma, Hay Fever or Bronchitis will be interested to learn that Dr. R. Schiffmann's "Asthma Cure" instantly relieves the most violent attack, insures comfortable sleep and has effected cures in thousands of cases that had previously tried every other remedy in vain. No waiting for results. Its action is immediate, direct and certain. So firm is his confidence that the doctor requests this paper to announce that he has sent to druggists of this town, as well as to all other druggists in this country, sample packages of his remedy which will be given free to sufferers of above complaints, who apply promptly, thus offering an opportunity to such as have not yet tried the remedy to make a personal test which will convince the most skeptical.

Persons failing for any reason to receive a sample package from their druggist will receive one free by mail by sending name and address (enclosing 2 cent stamp for postage) to Dr. R. Schiffmann, Box 814, St. Paul, Minn.

The Oysters Were All Right.

"Doctor, don't you think that raw oysters are healthy?"
 "Yes, I never knew one to complain!"—Illustration Nationale.

Why Pills Grip.

Just because they contain harsh and drastic drugs, with nothing to modify their violent action. In need of a laxative, you will obtain satisfactory results by taking Dr. Caldwell's (Laxative) Syrup Pepsin, a corrective, not a cathartic laxative. Its action is gentle, it assists nature to put the stomach and bowels in normal condition and never sickens; children, as well as grown people, love it for its pleasant taste. The soothing action of the pepsin makes the digestive process perfect. Try it and you will wonder why you never have before.

All druggists sell it. 60c and \$1.00 sizes.

Municipal electric tramway cars have no right to stand any longer in the streets than other conveyances, the Leeds (England) magistrates decided recently.

Hill's Catarrh Cure.

Is taken internally. Price 75 cents.

Please remember Mrs. Austin's Pancakes.

Please remember Mrs. Austin's Pancakes.

Please remember Mrs. Austin's Pancakes.

Please remember Mrs. Austin's Pancakes.

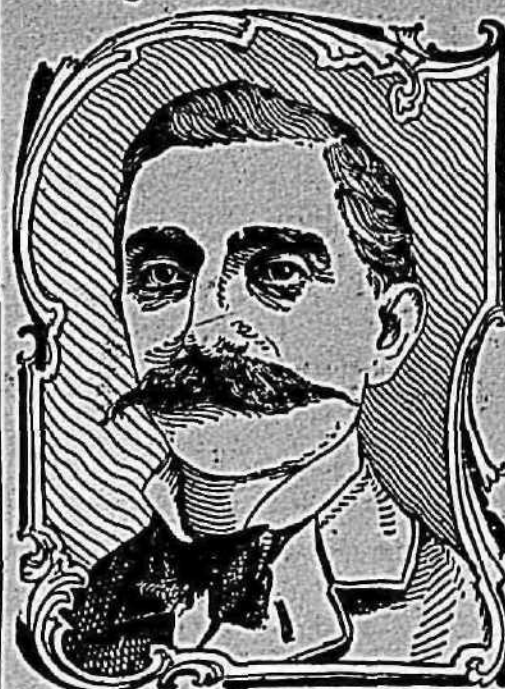
Please remember Mrs. Austin's Pancakes.

Please remember Mrs. Austin's Pancakes.

AN ITALIAN CAPTAIN

Cured by Pe-ru-na of Catarrh of the Stomach After Doctors Failed.

Hon. J. D. Botkin, Congressman from Kansas, Writes an Interesting Letter.



CAPTAIN O. BERTOLETTO.

Captain O. Bertolotto of the Italian Barque "Lincelles," in a recent letter from the chief office of the Italian Barque Lincelles, Pensacola, Fla., writes: "I have suffered for several years with chronic catarrh of the stomach. The doctors prescribed for me without my receiving the least benefit. Through one of your pamphlets I began the use of Peru-na, and two bottles have entirely cured me. I recommend Peru-na to all my friends."

In catarrh of the stomach, as well as catarrh of any part of the body, Peru-na is the remedy. As has been often said, Peru-na will cure catarrh of one part, it will cure catarrh of any other part of the body.

Catarrh is catarrh wherever located, and the remedy that will cure it anywhere will cure it everywhere.

The following letter from Congressman Botkin speaks for itself:

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, WASHINGTON, D.C.

Dr. S. B. Hartman, Columbus, O.: My Dear Doctor—It gives me pleasure to certify to the excellent curative qualities of your medicines—Peru-na and Man-alin.

I have been a sufferer more or less for a quarter of a century with catarrh of the stomach and indigestion, a residence in Washington has increased these troubles. A few bottles of your medicine have given me almost complete relief, and I am sure that a continuation of them will effect a permanent cure. Peru-na is surely a wonderful remedy for catarrhal affections. J. D. Botkin.

This is a case of catarrh of the stomach which had run for twenty-five years, according to his statement, and Peru-na has at once come to his relief, promptly accomplishing for him more benefit than he had been able to find in all other remedies during a quarter of a century.

It stands to reason that a man of wealth and influence, like a Congressman of the great United States, has left no ordinary means untried and no stone unturned to find a cure.

If such cures as these do not verify the claim not only that dyspepsia is due to catarrh of the stomach, but also that Peru-na will cure catarrh of the stomach, it is impossible to imagine how any evidence could do so.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peru-na, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case, and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address: Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.



THIS IS A TYPE of the bright, up-to-date girl who is not afraid of sun, wind or weather, but relies on CUTICURA SOAP assisted by CUTICURA OINTMENT to preserve, purify and beautify her skin, scalp, hair and hands, and to protect her from irritations of the skin, heat rash, sunburn, bites and stings of insects, lameness and soreness incidental to outdoor sports.

Much that all should know about the skin, scalp, and hair is told in the circular with CUTICURA SOAP.

IF LAME, STIFF, OR SORE, USE MEXICAN Mustang Liniment.

For SIXTY YEARS

The Best Remedy Known for Man or Beast.

Three Pleasant Surprises.

He-I got that dressmaker's bill of yours to-day, and I paid it. It was \$25 and took every penny I had. But I wanted to get it off my mind.

She—How good of her!

He—What do you mean?

She—Oh, I told her to divide it into four quarters and send you one at a time.

Do Your Feet Ache and Burn? Shake into your shoes Allen's Foot-Powder, a powder for the feet. It makes tight or New Shoes feel Easy. Cures Corns, Bunions, Swollen, Hot and Sweating Feet. At all Druggists and Shoe Stores, 25c. Sample sent FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

The total value of Canada's mineral products in 1900 reached over \$93,000,000, or \$12 a head of the population.

I cannot praise Pile's Ointment enough for the wonders it has worked in curing me.—J. H. Seidel, 2200 Olive street, St. Louis, Mo., April 15, 1901.

Please remember Mrs. Austin's Pancakes.

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Please remember Mrs. Austin's Pancakes.

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Please remember Mrs. Austin's Pancakes.

Please remember Mrs. Austin's Pancakes.

WINNER OF TWO BLUE RIBBONS

In the Chicago Automobile Contest.

RUNNING 100 MILES

WITHOUT A SINGLE STOP.

Olds= Mobile

\$650.00

F. O. B. Factory

No Noise

No Odor

With four gallons of gasoline they will run 150 MILES

Agents wanted in unoccupied territory

Ralph Temple & Austrian Co.

293 Wabash Avenue in CHICAGO

CANDY CATHARTIC

10c. BEST FOR THE BOWELS

Druggists.

Genuine stamped C. C. C. Never sold in bulk.

Beware of the dealer who tries to sell "something just as good."

WANTED

Men for the United States

and boys age 15 to 17. Write for information, Naval

Recruiting Station, 1111 Madison Avenue, Chicago

NOTE: Enlist for high pay. Two to

THOMAS A. CO., 611 E. St. Paul, Minn., Colorado Sp. Col.

S. N. U. No. 37-1002

In writing to Advertisers, please do not fail to

send you saw the Advertisement in this paper.

If afflicted with Thompson's Eye Water

BANK OF ANTIOCH.
EDWARD BROOK,
BANKER.
Buy and Sell Exchange, and do a General
Banking Business.

WISCONSIN CENTRAL RAILWAY CO.

Antioch Station 55 Miles North of Chicago

TIME CARD—Antioch Station.

GOING NORTH
Lv. Chicago. 8:30 A.M. 5. Daily ex Sunday 10:30 A.M.
8:30 P.M. 7. Daily ex Sunday 3:15 P.M.
4:00 P.M. 13. Daily 6:30 P.M.
5:00 P.M. 9. Daily ex Sunday 6:57 P.M.
8:30 A.M. Sunday Special 10:40 A.M.

GOING SOUTH
Lv. Antioch. 6:30 A.M. 14. Daily 10:30 A.M.
7:42 A.M. 10. Daily ex Sunday 8:45 A.M.
11:47 A.M. 8. Daily ex Sunday 1:40 P.M.
4:30 P.M. 6. Daily ex Sunday 6:15 P.M.
6:38 P.M. Sunday Special 8:30 P.M.
9:38 P.M. 2. Daily 10:35 P.M.
W. F. ZIEGLER, Agent, Antioch.

LOTUS CAMP No. 557 M. W. A. meets at 7:30 the first and third Monday evening of every month, in Woodmen hall, Antioch, Illinois. Visiting neighbors always welcome. W. R. WILLIAMS, V. C., C. M. CONFER, Clerk.

SEQUOIT LODGE, No. 827, A. F. & A. M., holds regular communications the first and third Wednesday evening of every month. Visiting Brothers always welcome. L. M. HUGHES, Sec. E. L. SIMONS, W. M.

SOME OLD MARRIAGE CUSTOMS.

Peculiar Ceremonies Still Exist in Parts of Europe.

In Switzerland the bride, on her wedding day, will permit no one, not even her parents, to kiss her upon the lips. In many of the provinces the cook pours hot water over the threshold after the bride couple have gone in order to keep it warm for another bride. A favorite wedding day in Scotland is Dec. 31, so that the young couple can leave their old life with the old year and begin their married life with the new one. Surely a pretty idea. The Italians permit no wedding gifts that are sharp or pointed, from which practice emanates our superstition that the gift of a knife severs friendship. One of the most beautiful of all marriage customs is that of the bride, immediately after the ceremony, flinging her bouquet among her maiden friends. She who catches it is supposed to be the next bride.

Fortune Favors a Texan.

"Having distressing pains in head, back and stomach, and being without appetite, I began to use Dr. King's New Life Pills. writes W. P. Whitehead, of Kennedale, Texas, and soon felt like a new man. Infallible in stomach and liver troubles. Only 25 cents at W. T. Hill's drug store.

Too Many Small Brothers.

A girl in Salina, Mo., who was handicapped by too many brothers, was entertaining her favorite caller a few nights ago. Brother No. 1 took up his position on the front porch and stayed there. About 11 o'clock brother No. 2 came home and attempted to join in the conversation, but was met with the question, "Where have you been?" "Oh, been to see my girl." "Well, did her brothers sit around in the way all the evening?" There was an immediate disappearance of relatives.

\$8.50 To Cleveland and Return \$8.50.

On September 26 and 27, via Nickel Plate Road. Return limit of October 23 may be obtained by depositing tickets in Cleveland. Three trains daily, with vestibuled sleeping cars. American Club Meals ranging in price from 35c. to \$1.00 in dining cars. Also meals a la carte. City Ticket Office, Chicago; 111 Adams St. For detailed information address John Y. Calahan, General Agent, 113 Adams St. 1w4

First Eskimo Journalist.

Laro Moellers, the first Eskimo journalist, is dead. He began by printing pictures, making the woodcuts himself. Nordenskiold gave him a press and type. He set up and printed his paper himself and then distributed it throughout Greenland. Other Eskimos will continue his work.

A Sad Disappointment.

Ineffective liver medicine is a disappointment, but if you don't want to purge, strain and break the glands of the stomach and bowels. DeWitt's Little Early Risers never disappoint. They cleanse the system of all poison and putrid matter and do it so gently that one enjoys the pleasant effects. They are a tonic to the liver. Cure biliousness, torpid liver and prevent fever. W. T. Hill.

Wasted Argument.

The Canadian department of marine and fisheries is trying to solve the problem as to whether a frog is a fish or not. When it gets this matter settled it might aid to the comfort of humanity by deciding whether a mule is a horse or a donkey.

Lingering Summer Colds.

Don't let a cold run at this season. Summer colds are the hardest kind to cure and if neglected may linger along for months. A long seige like this will pull down the strongest constitution. One Minute Cough Cure will break up the attack at once. Safe, sure, acts at once. Cures coughs, colds, bronchitis and all throat and lung troubles. The children like it. W. T. Hill.

Mother

"My mother was troubled with consumption for many years. At last she was given up to die. Then she tried Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, and was speedily cured."
D. P. Jolly, Avoca, N. Y.

No matter how hard your cough or how long you have had it, Ayer's Cherry Pectoral is the best thing you can take. It's too risky to wait until you have consumption. If you are coughing today, get a bottle of Cherry Pectoral at once.

Three sizes: 25c., 50c., \$1. All druggists.

Consult your doctor. If he says take it, then do as he says. If he tells you not to take it, then don't take it. He knows. Leave it with him. We are willing.
J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

\$19.00 Boston and Return 10.00

via Nickel Plate Road, Oct. 7th to 11th inclusive, good returning until Nov. 12th by depositing tickets at Boston and paying fee of 50c. Three trains daily, carrying through vestibuled sleeping cars. Individual Club Meals, ranging in price from 35c. to \$1.00, served in dining cars on Nickel Plate Road; also meals a la carte. City Ticket office 111 Adams St., Chicago. Full information can be secured from John Y. Calahan, General Agent, 113 Adams St., Chicago. 2w5

A Warning to Husbands.

Solon Thomas is the unwise Chicago gentleman who insisted that his wife should arise from her slumbers and prepare his breakfast. Solon is now nursing four bullet wounds in consequence. The original Solon would have been a much more discreet gentleman in our unfortunate townsman's place. He made a great many wise and beneficent laws for the Athenians, and we read that he framed several statutes relating to marriage obligations, but he was always careful not to put himself forward too obtrusively in his own household. For this reason he died at the comparatively ripe age of 80. Verily the ancient law-makers were much more cunning and discreet than the modern law-enforcers.

Not Doomed For Life.

"I was treated for three years by good doctors," writes W. A. Greer, McConnellsvill, O., "for piles and fistula, but when all failed, Bucklin's Arnica Salve cured me in two weeks." Cures burns, bruises, cuts, corns, sores, eruptions, salt rheum, piles or no pay. 25 cts., at W. T. Hill's drug store.

Odors From the Skin.

A French medical review asserts that the human skin possesses a certain odor which varies according to the individual, the age and the race. This was noted by Rider Haggard in "Allan Quatermain." When Umeclopogues and Quatermain sat in the tree together waiting to kill elephants on a dark night the Zulu moved away from the loe of the white man, not relishing the white man's personal essence. The nervous system is said to exert much influence over the odor of the cutaneous secretions. Hammond cites the case of a woman who always gave out the odor of a pineapple when she was in temper and that of another who emitted a violet odor when suffering from hysterical attack.

Take Care of the Stomach.

The man or woman whose digestion is perfect and whose stomach performs its every function is never sick. Kodol cleanses purifies and sweetens the stomach and cures positively and permanently all stomach troubles, indigestion and dyspepsia. It is a wonderful reconstructive tonic that is making so many sick people well and weak people strong by conveying to their bodies all of the nourishment in the food they eat. Rev. J. H. Holladay, of Holladay, Miss., writes: Kodol saved me. I consider it the best remedy I ever used for dyspepsia and stomach troubles. I was given up by physicians. Kodol saved my life. Take it after meals. W. T. Hill.

All Swore to Keep Sober.

An impressive scene took place in a Roman Catholic church in Hazleton, Pa., one morning during the coal strike. The priest preached an eloquent sermon on moderation to a large congregation of strikers. When he had finished he called upon all the men who were present to rise and take the oath of total abstinence; to be kept so long as the strike should last. With almost no hesitation every man in the congregation took the oath and afterwards signed the pledge. It was a bit of genuine public service on the part of the priest which ought not to be forgotten and a service no less important to the men themselves, who evidently so accepted it.

Try Orday Plasters.

For rheumatism, pain in the back or side, pneumonia, kidney and heart disease, liver complaint and all kindred diseases. These plasters are formulated for different ailments. Also corn plasters; a sure cure, six for 10 cents. Foot plasters, for cold feet, 20 cents. Agents and canvassers wanted. For particulars address
Mrs. J. S. Sutton,
General Agent for Lake Co., Antioch, Ill.

STILL PERSECUTE THE JEWS.

Stringent Laws Put into Effect in Eastern Europe.
Just now a new anti-Jewish movement seems to be sweeping over parts of Europe, more especially in the East, says Lealio's Weekly. Fifty thousand Jews have it is stated, been ordered to quit the mining province of Russia and to reside within the pale after sacrificing their occupations and their property. In Roumania, also, they are being forced to emigrate by a series of laws which practically deprive them of all means of subsistence. They have absolutely no rights, and live at the mercy of a population which hates them to such a degree that their parliament has declared all Jews to be foreigners, although they have been resident for centuries. Neither Germany nor Austria will do anything for them, and it seems impossible for Western Europe, which is more tolerant, either to protect them or to find them a new habitat.

A Boy's Wild Ride For Life.

With a family around expecting him to die, and a son riding for life, 18 miles, to get Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, W. H. Brown, of Leesville, Ind., endured death agonies from asthma, but this wonderful medicine gave instant relief and soon cured him. He writes: "I now sleep soundly every night." Like marvelous cures of consumption, pneumonia, bronchitis, coughs and colds and grip prove its matchless merit for all throat and lung troubles. Guaranteed bottles 50 cents and \$1.00. Trial bottles free at W. T. Hill's drug store.

One Fare For the Round Trip

to Boston and return, via Nickel Plate Road, October 7th to 11th, account of meeting of Brotherhood of St. Andrews. By depositing tickets at Boston and paying fee of 50c, extended return limit of November 12th may be obtained. Through vestibuled sleeping cars and first class service in every respect. Cheap rates to all new England Points. Write John Y. Calahan, 113 Adams St., Chicago, for particulars. 2w5

Advance in Formosa.

People of Formosa, who have been wearing the pigtail for 300 years, are beginning to cut their hair. This shows that the island is becoming more Japanese in its ways, as it has become Japanese in its government. It means the final abandonment of the outlaw wife. The change has been brought about since the extensive and successful operations against the rebels last April.

His Life Saved by Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy.

"B. L. Byer, a well known cooper of this town, says he believes Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy saved his life last summer. He had been sick for a month with what doctors call bilious dysentery, and could get nothing to do him any good until he tried this remedy. It gave him immediate relief." says B. T. Little, merchant, Hancock, Md. For sale by all druggists.

Artificial Marble.

A new process for the manufacture of artificial marble has been patented in Berlin. Asbestos, dyeing materials, shellac and ashes are pounded into a stiff mass and then subjected to high pressure. The product is surprisingly firm and tough, not brittle, is easily worked by means of tools, can be given a fine polish, and in appearance can not be distinguished from genuine marble.

One Fare For Round Trip

or \$8.50 to Cleveland, O., and return, via Nickel Plate Road, September 26 and 27, with extended return limit of Oct. 23 by depositing tickets in Cleveland. First class equipment and service. Three daily trains. Chicago Passenger Station, Harrison St. and 5th Ave. Write John Y. Calahan, General Agent, 113 Adams St., Chicago, for particulars. 1w4

Persian Tea Seller.

The tea seller is a very common sight in the streets of most Persian towns. He holds in his hands two large brass teapots. The larger is full of plain hot water, the smaller is full of tea. The teapots are arranged in a narrow tray, which has the look of a wide, deep double belt. This tea is prepared with odorous herbs and has a very pleasant fragrance. The seller advertises his tea loudly by crying in a singing voice in the streets: "Hot tea, sweet tea; tea of crimson color!"

Pigeon Flies 1,000 Miles.

A homing pigeon belonging to Councilman Toltons of Mishawaka, Ind., reached home in a drenching rain from New Orleans, having covered the 1,000 miles in 80 hours. This exceeds the time made by Ft. Wayne birds recently, on which the world's record was claimed. The Ft. Wayne pigeons made the flight in 115 hours.

Beware of the Knife.

No profession has advanced more rapidly of late than surgery, but it should not be used except where absolutely necessary. In cases of piles for example, it is seldom needed. DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve cures quickly and permanently. Unequalled for cuts, burns, bruises, wounds and skin diseases. Accept no counterfeits. I was so troubled with bleeding piles that I lost much blood and strength, says J. C. Phillips, Paris, Ill. DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve cured me in a short time. South and heels. W. T. Hill.

MAY SETTLE IN SUMATRA.

Beer Leaders Said to Have a Liking for the Country.

After his visit to Antwerp and possibly a short stop in London, Mr. Reitz, it is understood, will not return to South Africa, but intends going out to Sumatra to settle down. Of late years Sumatra has been making rapid strides ahead, owing to the great success of the tobacco-growing industry along the coast opposite Penang, and Deli and Langkat have grown into important places. They are not far, as the crow flies, from the disturbed district of Aceh, where one of the longest wars in history is still going on, the Dutch government having started the suppression of the Acehese revolt over thirty years ago. Dr. Leyds is also said to have some idea of going to the Dutch East. He is a native of Java and has many relatives and friends in and around Batavia.—London Chronicle.

A Parson's Noble Act.

"I want all the world to know," writes Rev. C. J. Badlong, of Ashaway, R. I., "what a thoroughly good and reliable medicine I found in Electric Bitters. They cured me of jaundice and liver troubles that had caused me great suffering for a great many years. For genuine, all-round cure they excel anything I ever saw." Electric Bitters are the surprise of all for their wonderful work in liver, kidney and stomach troubles. Don't fail to try them. Only 50 cents. Satisfaction is guaranteed by W. T. Hill.

PETROLEUM AS A BEVERAGE.

Medical Society of Paris Sends Out a Warning.

The Medical Society of Paris has expressed the opinion that it is necessary to adopt some measures against the alarming spread of petroleum drinking. At first it was thought that this habit had sprung up from the increased taxation on alcohol imposed by the French government, but an investigation showed that this was not the case; the habit had been prevalent some time previously in certain districts and had spread with great rapidity. The victim of the petroleum habit does not become brutal, only morose. Opinions differ among physicians as regards the effects of petroleum drinking on the human system, but all agree on the harmfulness of this new vice.

The Proper Treatment for a Sprained Ankle.

As a rule a man will feel well satisfied if he can hobble around on crutches two or three weeks after spraining his ankle, and it is usually two or three months before he has fully recovered. This is an unnecessary loss of time, for in many cases in which Chamberlain's Pain Balm has been promptly and freely applied, a complete cure has been effected in less than one week's time, and in some cases within three days. For sale by all druggists.

To Work Off Enthusiasm.

There is one rather amusing characteristic held in common by all men and that is the innate desire to make a noise when we are wonderfully pleased. This was absurdly illustrated not long ago by an Englishman: A Londoner who has always been a common sane and sober citizen, upon hearing of the recent declaration of peace in South Africa, went outside his house and violently rang his own door bell until he felt calmer.

An Eye For Business.

A story is told of a colored butler in one of New York's most fashionable suburbs, who, being given one hundred or more invitations to a social function for delivery, could not resist the temptation to slip into each a massage circular of his wife who was seeking patients. The surprise and consternation of the invited guests at receiving the two documents may easily be imagined.

Cures Eczema, Itching Humors.

Especially for old chronic cases take Botanic Blood Balm. It gives a healthy blood supply to the effected parts, heals all the sores, eruptions, scabs and scales, stops the awful itching and burning of eczema, swellings, suppurating, watery sores, etc. Druggists \$1. Sample free and prepaid by writing Blood Balm Co., Atlanta, Ga. Describe trouble and free medical advice sent in a sealed letter. No 2—48j1

Experience to Warn Him.

There is a good story of a book-lover warning a friend never to lend his books and by way of pointing the moral, leading the friend to a well-stocked bookcase and remarking impressively that every book in those shelves had been lent to him!

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure

Digests what you eat.

This preparation contains all of the digestants and digests all kinds of food. It gives instant relief and never fails to cure. It allows you to eat all the food you want. The most sensitive stomachs can take it. By its use many thousands of dyspeptics have been cured after everything else failed. It is unequalled for the stomach. Children with weak stomachs thrive on it.

Cures all stomach troubles
Prepared only by E. O. DeWitt & Co., Chicago
See all bottles containing this mark, also

THE ILLINOIS COUNTRY PRESS.

Greenfield Argus.—The Philippine issue which the Democrats have been trying to twist into shape to use for political capital and its bottom knocked out by President Roosevelt's amnesty proclamation. The speeches made by the representatives of that party in the last congress will, however, furnish splendid fall campaign material for the Republicans. They will have to answer to the people for every slander which they have attempted to lay at the door of the American army, while it has been upholding the flag of progress and civilization in foreign lands. Their fault-finding policy will prove a clog to their future success, and it ought to be so.

Virginia Gazette.—"Contemporary Copperheadism" is not the phrase of a Republican paper, but of the Democratic Brooklyn Eagle, one of the ablest supporters of the Tilden-Cleveland Democrats. It is, however, a very apt and significant phrase. Copperheadism was the term applied to those in the north who opposed Lincoln and his policy and said harsh things of his soldiers from 1861 to 1865. It is a virus which runs in the blood of a class of politicians and breaks out occasionally, as it has in an effort to slander our army in the Philippines.

Canlon Register.—The members of the state board of charities, having declined to accept the assurance of the Chicago Tribune that the Kankakee asylum management was altogether rotten, and having stubbornly insisted upon proof—which insistence was embarrassing, because there was no proof to furnish—the Tribune now declares the members of the state board of charities are a gang of whitewashers. The Chicago Tribune is a great newspaper, and equal to all sorts of emergencies. When it fails to score, it can make faces at the umpire.

Paris Beacon.—Democratic campaign headquarters in Washington, with the unending friction which prevails therein, present a refreshing spectacle. Mr. Bryan is talking free silver, Mr. Cleveland is advocating sound money, Mr. Teller talking protection and Representative DeArmond is talking free trade. These serve as a forcible reminder of the conditions which would prevail in congress were the Republicans to abandon the helm of the ship of state.

Strevor Free Press.—It is now less than three months until election day, yet no man can tell upon what issue or issues the Democratic candidates for congress will ask the support of the voters. Surely this is an anomalous state of affairs, and can only mean that the Republican party has made a wonderfully good record to leave the opposition so thoroughly stranded, so thoroughly hopeless, so entirely lost.

Rockford Register-Gazette.—The Republicans are more than willing that the Democrats should make an issue on the tariff. They conclude that it will be hardly necessary to do more than "stand pat" on this proposition and let the opposition convince the country, if it can, that the clamorous cries of 1893 and the Wilson tariff were preferable to the present prospect.

Centralla Sentinel.—The more the Democratic press hoot at prosperity, the more they should bring to the fore the question of direct taxation. "Does the laborer prefer these times to the days of beggary and starvation; does he desire to bring a return of the days when he begged long and hard for any kind of work, now when he has the begging on the other side?"

Danville Commercial.—The Democratic declares that the trust issue is all sufficient for its party in the coming campaign. If the Democrat will brush up on its history a little it will find that all the anti-trust legislation that has ever been passed has been by the Republican party and that the Democratic party has invariably opposed such legislation.

Nashville Journal.—The voters of the land should keep before them the picture which resulted from Democratic rule a few years ago and the picture of the country's present bright condition. Comparisons are hard on Democracy, but the Republicans are willing to have comparisons made often and at any time.

Watseka Starwart.—The Democrats are turning to the tariff now because that is the only issue on which they have won for forty years. But they credit the American people with a short memory when they think they will again try a system that wrought such havoc as it did the last time they tried it.

Mayvann Republican.—There is only one thing that endangers Republican success in the state this fall and that is the party may rest in seeming security and take a nap from now to election. Every Republican should be up and accounting until the votes are counted in November.

Crawford County Republican.—A vote cast for the Republican party is a vote cast for a known policy and one that has proven its wisdom. A vote cast for the Democratic party is a leap in the dark and an endorsement of a policy no one can define.

Ellingham Republic.—When the Democrats were in power they knocked the props from under the tariff, and, also, from every manufacturing institution in the country. The farmers suffered too, because they could find no market for their products.

The Farmers Benefited.
Perhaps 50,000,000 or more of the people would say that the greatest benefit bestowed by the Dingley tariff was upon our agriculture. There is no disputing the fact that our farmers and their families have been amazingly blessed by the law and that the benefits already derived are incalculable. The increase in value of products and animals and property can only be measured by billions of dollars, and the outlook for 1902 and the future is most favorable. There are other millions who would no doubt vote that our manufacturing industries were the greatest beneficiaries of the Dingley law. The increase in value of products from seven or eight billions in 1890 to fifteen billions in 1902 is certainly a marvelous testimony, with all the kindred and supplementary benefits.

1896-1902. Some Facts for Farmers and Laboring Men—A Convincing Comparative Statement.

About one of the most conclusive arguments in favor of Republican rule is to be found in a comparative statement of prices on a number of staple articles as they were six years ago and now. A statement of this character recently appeared in the Anderson (Indiana) Herald. As is generally known, Anderson is located in an agricultural district and is itself a large manufacturing city. This statement was gathered from men engaged in mercantile business, manufacturing and farming, and can be relied upon and has not been colored for political purposes.

In the first place, average farm land sold six years ago for \$45 an acre. This refers to the farm land of that county. Today the average is from \$60 to \$85 an acre. The interest rate on money in that county was from 7 to 8 per cent six years ago. It is today from 5 to 6 per cent. In this state it is even less.

The wages paid day laborers six years ago averaged \$1.20. Today the average is from \$1.50 to \$1.75. The wages paid farm hands six years ago was \$15 a month. The same men today get \$25 a month. In connection with this the Herald has taken from all the facts at hand an estimate of the number of factories in the county six years ago and now and the number of men employed in them at the two different times. The estimate is that there were 678 factories in the county six years ago and there are now 118, that 6,000 men were employed in these factories five years ago and there are 15,000 employed now.

But all this is not the most interesting part of the comparison. Here is the portion of the table that merits particular study:

	1896.	1902.
Cattle, per 100....	\$2.50/3.50	\$ 7.75
Hogs, per 100....	3.00/3.50	7.50
Sheep, per 100....	2.50/3.00	4.00
Wheat, per bu....	88	82
Corn, per bu....	10	50
Oats, per bu....	30	40
Hay, per ton....	18.00	13.00
Chickens, per lb....	06/07	09
Butter, per lb....	10	20
Eggs, per doz....	12	16
Straight grade flour	3.70	3.80
Granulated sugar....	06/4	05
Lion coffee (pkg)....	12	10
Coal oil (gal)....	10	10
Bacon, per lb....	10/12/4	15
Cal. Hams, per lb....	07/08	11

The table is interesting, not only showing the prosperity of the country as evidenced in this county, but in showing the leveling up influence of a Republican administration. In noting the above prices, one is forced to observe that the advantage all along is with the laboring man and the farmer. The capitalist gets less interest on his money, but pays more for the labor he employs and more for the produce of the farmer. The laborer may pay a little more for some things he buys, but he gets more wages, and has constant employment; and it is also shown that while the farmer and laborer get more for their product, the general tendency of prices of trust-made goods is downward. The comparison speaks in forceful terms of the benefits of a Republican administration.

Prosperity—That's All.

The Republican campaign text book just issued presents prosperity as the paramount issue of the campaign of 1902. The record is not of prosperity for one year, or two years, but for five years. It is not a record of prosperity for bankers, investors, or manufacturers alone, but for the whole American people.

The record is not of an era in which the manufacturer has prospered at the expense of the consumer, nor the merchant at the expense of the purchaser, nor the industrial centers at the expense of the agricultural districts. It is a record of a period in which all have shared in the most wonderful years of wealth in the history of the country.

In the election of 1896 the Republicans promised that, with the election of Mr. McKinley to the presidency, there would be a renewal of manufacturing activity and a return to prosperous conditions. The McKinley policy was put in force in 1897. In the five succeeding years the excess of exports over imports was seven times greater than in all the one hundred and eight previous years of the government.

To be specific, the excess of exports over imports in the one hundred and eight years from 1790 to March 4, 1897, was \$33,025,487, while the excess in the five years from March 4, 1897, to March 4, 1902, was 2,707,093,104, the excess of exports in each year since 1897 being greater than that of the entire one hundred and eight years prior to the inauguration of President McKinley.

There is no gainsaying this record. It is the best possible measure of our producing capacity under favorable conditions. We not only all in five years more American products by \$2,707,093,104 than we bought of foreign products. This means, of course, that there was a great increase in the value of manufactured products; a great increase in wages earned by those engaged in industrial pursuits.

In the same time the value of the corn, wheat, and oat crops of the country was doubled, and there was an increase of \$250,000,000 in the value of live stock. There was an advance in the price of what farmers had to sell, but there was a corresponding advance in the earnings of those who bought products of the farm.

In 1890 and 1900 the Republican party raised the battle cry, "McKinley and Prosperity!" Now it raises the battle cry, "Roosevelt and Prosperity!" There are other great issues associated with Mr. Roosevelt's policies, but this issue of prosperity comes home to every man's pocket; comes home to the farm and the workshop; to the investor, the manufacturer, and the wage-earner, as well as to the millionaire.

This issue has been with us for five years. It is the issue of all the people. It is the child of Republican wisdom and Democratic folly. It will not down or off or out, as long as Republican wisdom and Democratic folly exist.—The Inter Ocean.